# Supplementary material: Heat flow, morphology, pore fluids and hydrothermal circulation in a typical mid-Atlantic ridge flank near Oceanographer Fault-Zone

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### <sup>1</sup> 1. Oceanograflu survey

The Oceanografiu survey is a marine geophysical cruise dedicated to the study of hydrothermal processes on the the flanks of a typical Mid-Atlantic ridge segment (figure 1). Hydrothermal processes in the Atlantic are probably influenced by a rougher surface morphology than in faster spreading ridges, where it was shown that the density of seamounts at the the seafloor governs the efficency of heat removal (e.g. Lister, 1970, 1972; Davis et al., 1992, 1997; Fisher et al., 2003; Hutnak et al., 2006; Wheat and Fisher, 2008; Fisher and Wheat, 2010). The Oceanographer-Hayes segment was therefore

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chosen for its typical morphology of the Atlantic ocean and the existence of a
previous geophysical study with multibeam bathymetry, seismic profiles, 3.5
kHz echosounding, gravity and magnetism across the ridge (Cannat et al.,
1999; Escartìn et al., 2001; Rabain et al., 2001).

The survey was carried out from the fourth of June 2013 to the fifth of July 2013 on the R/V "l'Atalante". We got mostly heat flow measurements and cores, as other useful geophysical data were acquired before. We performed 17 185 conventional heat flow measurements (178 successful) and 31 Küllenberg 18 piston cores (30 successful).

We present in this supplementary material more details on the techniques
and on the results.

Figure 1: Distribution and magnitude of heat flow on bathymetric maps:Heat flow values are reported as circles for multi penetration probes and stars for measurements associated with Küllenberg cores; colours refer to the heat flow scale. The white line represents the morphological trace of OFZ and the yellow lines represent seismic profiles. Isochrons identified during the SudAçores survey (Rabain et al., 2001) are represented by a white box with the anomaly number: anomaly  $3 \simeq 4.18$  Ma, anomaly  $3a \simeq 5.89$  Ma anomaly  $4 \simeq 7.43$  Ma, anomaly  $4a \simeq 8.69$  Ma and anomaly  $5 \simeq 9.74$  Ma. Profiles AA' and BB' are reconstructed profiles shown in figure 12k.



a: location of the study areas, Azores islands, holes from DSDP 82 (red circles) and DSDP 94 (yellow circle), and the three major fracture zones: Pico, Oceanographer and Hayes. Background corresponds to Gtopo30 bathymetry. The two red squares b) and c) correspond respectively to the western and eastern flanks of the studied ridge segment.



b: Distribution and magnitude of heat flow on the western flank of Oceanographer-Hayes OH1 segment



c: Distribution and magnitude of heat flow on the eastern flank of Oceanographer-Hayes OH1 segment



d: close up view of heat flow measurements near the Oceanographer Fracture Zone



a: Multipenetration instrument after recuperation on the deck

b: THP autonomous temperature sensor attached to the core barrel

Figure 2: Heat flow measurements devices: sensors are arranged helically around the barrels.

### 21 2. Heat flow

#### 22 2.1. principles

Marine heat flow involves measurements of the temperature gradient and thermal conductivity. As sea-bottom temperature is usually stable (Davis et al., 2003) for depths greater than 1000 m, short instruments ( $\sim$  5-10 m) are sufficient to determine thermal gradient. Thermal conductivity is measured in-situ with the POGO instrument or in laboratory: both use the needle-probe technique with constant heating.

We used two types of instruments (figure 2): a conventional Ewing-type instruments with seven outrigger thermistors (figure 2a) and a Küllenberg piston core equipped with autonomous thermal sensors (figure 2b).

The acquisition sequence includes two stages (figure3) for the multipenetration instrument and only the first one for Küllenberg instrument: (i) <sup>34</sup> determination of temperature, (ii) determination of thermal conductivity.

When the instrument penetrates in the sediment, the temperature of sensors increases significantly because of the frictionnal heating (figure 3) and then decreases progressively to equilibrium for infinite time after penetration. The equilibrium temperature can be extrapolated if temperature evolution is recorded during at least 5-10 minutes. The temperature T(t) at any time is given by (Bullard, 1954):

$$T(t) = T_{\infty} + T_{friction} \Phi(\alpha, \tau) \tag{1}$$

where  $T_{\infty}$  is the equilibrium temperature,  $T_{friction}$  is the temperature anomaly caused by friction and  $\Phi(\alpha, \tau)$  is a decay function following the peak temperature.  $\alpha$  is a non dimensional parameter and  $\tau$  is the non dimensional time constant of the probe:

$$\alpha = \frac{2\pi r^2 \rho C}{\mu} \tag{2}$$

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$$\tau = \frac{\kappa t}{r^2} \tag{3}$$

<sup>46</sup> One can show that for time greater than 1 minute after the penetration, an
<sup>47</sup> asymptotic solution is approached by:

$$\Phi(\alpha,\tau) = \frac{\mu}{4\pi\lambda t} \tag{4}$$

where  $\mu$  is the heat capacity per unit length, r the probe radius,  $\lambda$  the thermal conductivity and  $\kappa$  the thermal diffusivity of sediments. The equilibrium temperature can be obtained from the intercept of a regression line made on

(T, 1/t) couples with the time axis for infinite time, i.e. when 1/t tends to 0. 51 Thermal Conductivity is determined in the second stage of the acquisition 52 sequence (or measured on cores for Küllenberg probes) with a needle-probe 53 technique (Von Herzen and Maxwell, 1959). The thermistor is now heated 54 with a constant power ( $\sim 1 \text{ W}$ ) during about 10 minutes, and the temperature 55 increases more importantly as the sediment conductivity is low (figure 3). In 56 the case of cores, the instrument is pulled up just after the first stage and the 57 thermal conductivity measured in the laboratory. The needle, which includes 58 a heating wire and a thermistor or a thermocouple, is inserted transversely 59 into the core (this provides the vertical component of thermal conductivity) 60 and heated at a constant power Q. The temperature increase of the probe 61 with the logarithm of time is proportional after some time delay to the inverse 62 of thermal conductivity: 63

$$\Delta T = \frac{Q}{4\lambda\pi} ln(4\alpha t/Ba^2) \tag{5}$$

where t = time, Q = heat input per unit length per unit time,  $\lambda =$ thermal conductivity of sediment sample,  $\alpha =$  thermal diffusivity of sediment sample, a = probe radius and B = constant = 1.7811. This relationship is valid only for large time t compared with  $a^2/\alpha$  and therefore, the interval of measurement is important in estimating the thermal conductivity with this method: the choice of the interval is usually done by searching the linear domain in a plot of the temperature increase  $\Delta T$  as a function of ln(t).

71 One can notice from equation 4 that thermal conductivity could be also 72 inferred from the temperature evolution after the peak caused by frictional <sup>73</sup> heating, but as Q is not known, it can not be obtained directly but requires
<sup>74</sup> inversion techniques (e.g. Lee and Von Herzen, 1994; Hartmann and Villinger,
<sup>75</sup> 2002) not used in the present survey.

76 2.2. corrections

# 77 2.2.1. sedimentation

As active sedimentation exists, part of the deep heat flow is expended
in warming cold sediment, which reduces surface heat flow subsequently.
Von Herzen and Uyeda (1963) reduced the problem of constant sedimentation
to a problem of heat conduction in a moving medium:

$$\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} - \frac{U}{\kappa} \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} - \frac{1}{\kappa} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = -\frac{A_0}{K} \tag{6}$$

where K and  $\kappa$  are thermal conductivity and thermal diffusivity,  $A_0$  the rate of heat generation per unit volume, U the rate of sedimentation. The initial condition is T(z) = G z, where G is the unperturbed temperature gradient and the upper boundary condition at z = 0 is T = 0. If heat production is neglected, the solution of equation 6 is (Von Herzen et al., 1974):

$$\frac{1}{G} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right)_{z=0} = \left( 1 + 2\tau^2 \right) \operatorname{erfc}\left( \tau \right) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \tau \exp\left( -\tau^2 \right) \tag{7}$$

where  $\tau$  is a dimensionless parameter

$$\tau = \frac{U}{2} \left(\frac{t}{\kappa}\right)^{1/2} \tag{8}$$

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However, this analytical solution does not include such important ef-

fects as variable sedimentation rates, compaction and its effect on thermal 89 conductivity, or the thermal interaction with basement for high sedimenta-90 tion rates (Hutchison, 1985; Lucazeau and Le Douaran, 1985; Von Herzen 91 et al., 1989; Harris et al., 2000). Numerical solutions can solve this prob-92 lem, and algorithms have been proposed by Hutchison (1985) and Lucazeau 93 and Le Douaran (1985). Although the two algorithms use different strate-94 gies and hypothesis, both give very similar results (within 0.5% of heat flow 95 anomaly, see table 1). Compaction is considered in both models as a function 96 of porosity, which is assumed to decrease exponentially with depth. At the 97 limit where surface porosity is equal to zero (no compaction), both models 98 are in agreement with the analytical solution provided by Von Herzen et al. 99 (1974). Sediment thickness has been picked as two-way travel time (TWT) 100 on seismic profiles acquired during a previous survey (SUDACORES). The 101 maximum TWT thickness reaches 0.45 s and assuming a velocity range of 102 1850-2050 m/s, corresponds to a maximum of 830-920 m thick sediment 103 cover. The heat flow correction due to sedimentation has been computed for 104 the upper limit (2050 m/s) and for a constant rate during the period follow-105 ing accretion of the basement. Resulting sedimentation rates are therefore 106 30-40 m/Ma for off-axis profiles and can reach a maximum of 85 m/Ma. 107 These sedimentation rates are local rates and have obviously no significance 108 on a regional scale. They can affect however the magnitude of heat flow by 109 5% (with a maximum of 9%) when the compaction is included (assuming 110 surface porosity = 0.6, compaction length scale = 1750 m and bulk surface 111 conductivity =  $1 \text{ Wm}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ ). 112



Figure 3: Heat flow acquisition sequence: this graph represents the evolution of temperature during a penetration of the POGO instrument into the sediment at t=0. For negative times, the instrument is still in the water and all sensors have the same temperature (about  $2.5^{\circ}$ C). At t=0, the temperature increases suddenly; the magnitude of the peak depends on the strength of frictional heating and on the depth of each sensor: the red curve in the figure does not correspond to the deepest sensor, but the friction was probably more important than for the deepest sensor (blue curve). After the penetration, the temperature decrease is recorded for about 5 minutes to extrapolate equilibrium temperature and equilibrium temperature gradient, and then the sensors are heated with a constant power in order to get in-situ thermal conductivity. Increase of temperature depends on thermal conductivity, and again the red curve crosses the blue one because thermal conductivity of the deepest sensor is higher than that of the sensor just above. The temperature heating is recorded for about 10 minutes and then the power is shut down and the temperatures decrease. A new frictional peak is observed at 20 minutes when the instrument is pulled out from the sediment. The right vertical scale represents the tilt evolution during this acquisition sequence: the instrument is almost vertical in the water, gets an angle during penetration or pulling operations, and remains at about 4° during this measurement.

### <sup>113</sup> 2.2.2. topography and refraction

Surface heat flow is perturbed by topographic variations across a thermal 114 conductivity contrast (basalt/sediment, sediment/water). In order to correct 115 heat flow for these two effects, we computed a stationnary 2D model along 116 seismic lines with a uniform basal heat flow at 10 km and the observed 117 geometry of basins (figure 4). A uniform surface temperature  $(T = 2.4^{\circ}C)$ 118 was chosen and a contrast of  $0.5-1.0 \text{ Wm}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$  for the thermal conductivity 119 across the sediment/basalt interface. Anomalies as large as  $\pm 100 \text{ mWm}^{-2}$ 120 can be observed locally, but as we have done measurement in basins, it usually 121 ranges between  $\pm 10 \text{ mWm}^{-2}$ . 122

However, the 2D approximation could minimize the heat-refraction effect when measurements are very close to seamounts, but as we have no constraints for a 3D model, the correction should be considered as a minimum value. We choose a constrast of  $0.5 \text{ Wm}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$  for the correction applied to Oceanografiu data, because a larger contrast of thermal conductivity obviously tends to overestimate corrections for some data.

# 129 2.2.3. heat flow results

All temperature profiles and heat flow measurements are displayed along seismic profiles (figure 12) or as individual temperature/conductivity vs depth plots (figure 13). Two profiles perpendicular to the flowlines have been reconstructed and are shown in figure 12k. A synthesis of all data is presented as a table including site name, coordinates, water depth, etc. (table 2).

# 135 2.2.4. statistical distribution of data

Figure 5 shows an histogram of sedimentation and topography corrected heat flow measurements on both flanks of the Oceanographer Hayes ridge. The distribution of conductive values (derived from age of the sea floor and Stein and Stein (1992) model) is shown on the same graph, and suggests that heat flow, in average, in 40 % of this conductive value.

### <sup>141</sup> 3. Pore waters

### <sup>142</sup> 3.1. protocol for pore water extraction

Interstitial pore water extraction were done onboard. When the "Küllenberg" 143 piston corer is back on the deck, the liner is marked and cut in 1.5 m long 144 (these dimensions are imposed by the "Museum Nationale d'Histoire Na-145 turelle de Paris" core shack) core sections starting from the top. Then, the 146 core sections were immediately transferred into the cold (8°C) laboratory, 147 where interstitial waters were extracted with rhyzon(C) soil moisture sam-148 plers (Seeberg-Elverfeldt et al., 2005) (figure 7). Rhyzons consist of 2.5 x 50 149 mm hydrophilic porous polymer that drive capillary sampling. Each Rhy-150 zon(c) is connected to a 10 to 30 ml pre-evacuated syringe for water recovery. 151 On the first core meter, sampling was performed each 10 cm. The next 152 sample was recovered at 130 cm, and from that Rhyzon(c) samplers were 153 spaced with a resolution of 40 cm. Fluid extraction lasts between 1 and 6 154 hours before sampled water is transferred into 12 mL vials and stored at low 155 temperature (4°C). 156

### 157 3.2. analytical method for pore water analyses

Pore water samples were extracted from all cores, but only fourteen have been analysed for majors and minors constituents. One part of pore water analyses (cores: KT1, KT4, KT12, KT19, KT23) has been performed using ionic chromatography (Dionex ICS  $2000(\mathbb{R})$  - anions: Cl-, SO42-) and ICP-OES (Horiba Jobin Yvon Ultima2( $\mathbb{R})$  - cations: Ca2+, Mg2+, Na+, K+) at Toulouse laboratory (GET: Geosciences Environment Toulouse). The other part (cores: KT3, KT5, KT6, KT7, KT9, KT11, KT15, KT29, KT31)

has been completed at Ifremer-Brest in the LCGr (Laboratoire des Cycles 165 Géochimiques et ressources) laboratory by ionic chromatography (Dionex 166 AS  $120(\hat{\mathbf{R}})$  for cations and anions. Pore water samples were diluted 500 167 times (200  $\mu$ L in 100 mL) in milliQ( $\hat{R}$ ) water (ultra-pure water, resistivity 168 of  $18.2M\Omega.cm$ ). Calibrations were done with IAPSO standard and multi-169 element solution. All dilutions were weighed to correct the experimental 170 uncertainties related to pipettes. Minor elements (Sr2+, Ba2+, B+, Mn2+, 171 Li+) were analyzed using an High Resolution Inductively Coupled Plasma 172 Mass Spectrometry (HR-ICP-MS Element 2 thermo scientific<sup>(C)</sup>) in UBO 173 (Université de Bretagne Occidentale) laboratory. Samples and standards 174 were prepared in clean room environments, where the atmosphere is filtered 175 to limit the particular concentration. Hygrometry, pressure and temperature 176 are precisely controlled in a clean room environment. Samples were diluted 177 25 times (120 µl in 3 ml) in nitric acid at 2%. Standard NASS-5 and multi-178 elements solution (of Li, Sr, Mn, and Br) were used for calibrations. Each 179 instruments have a precision of 2% in average. 180

### <sup>181</sup> 4. Morphology

<sup>182</sup> In order to characterize the spatial dependence of topography, we use <sup>183</sup> variograms, which can be defined by the following relation:

$$\gamma(l,\theta) = \frac{1}{2}E\left\{ \left[ Z(x,y) - (Z(x,y) + l(\theta)) \right]^2 \right\}$$
(9)

where  $\gamma(l, \theta)$  is the variogram, Z(x, y) the elevation at location (x, y),  $Z(x, y) + l(\theta)$  the elevation at a radial distance l in a direction  $\theta$  and  $E\{\}$  the mathe-

186 matic expectation.

187 The variogram is isotropic when the  $\gamma$  depends on the distance l only.

The main characteristics of variograms applied to the topographic surface were described by Roko et al. (1997). For l=0 (nugget effect), the variogram represents the local relief and it should be close to zero for a sedimentary basin. If relief stabilizes at a given length scale, this value is called the sill, which characterizes the overall roughness of the area. The lag to sill is the range where relief is correlated to the length-scale and it may indicate some characteristic process of relief formation.

A comparison of isotropic and directional variograms is shown in figure 8 for both flanks of the OH1 ridge segment. We used the GEBCO grid resolution in order to have a comparable resolution with other regions and also to speed up the calculation. It is clear that rugosity on the eastern flank of the ridge is much important than on the western flank. Rugosity is also higher on a direction parallel to the ridge axis (N12) than on a direction perpendicular to the ridge axis (N102).

We also compare seafloor and basement topographic roughness (Figure 9).

Finally, we compare variograms in different areas (Figure 10) affected by hydrothermal circulations where detailed heat flow studies exist (Figure 11). The different characteristics (nugget effect, lag, sill) vary in the same way (e.g. larger values for OH1 than for Juan de Fuca).



Figure 4: 2D model for profile 27E used to estimate topographic and refraction corrections. Lower panel represents the temperature field for stationary conditions, heat flow = 150 mWm<sup>-2</sup> at the bottom, 2.4°C at the sea-bottom and no heat flow through left and right vertical boundaries. Thermal conductivity is 2.5 Wm<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-1</sup> in the basement, and 1.5 or 2.0 Wm<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-1</sup> in the sediment. Middle panel is a close-up view of the lower panel. Upper panel is the heat flow anomaly (=correction) between calculated surface heat flow and bottom heat flow (150 mWm<sup>-2</sup>). The red and blue curves correspond to a contrast of thermal conductivity of 1.0 and 0.5 Wm<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-1</sup> respectively.



Figure 5: Histogram of Oceanografiu heat flow data. Gray colour corresponds to the Stein and Stein (1992) conductive model, yellow colour to the west flank and red colour to the east flank. Average values are respectively  $65.9\pm38.3 \text{ mWm}^{-2}$ ,  $67.7\pm44.0 \text{ mWm}^{-2}$  and  $158.4\pm16.3 \text{ mWm}^{-2}$  for the west flank, east flank and conductive values.



Figure 6: Location and id of Küllenberg cores



Figure 7: Rhyzon sampling on core KT2



Figure 8: Variograms of bathymetry in the study area. Variograms are calculated in different ways in order to outline the variation of relief with directions, on both flanks of the ridge: two directions are used (N102 and N12 along and perpendicular to the direction of accretion) as well as non directional (isotropic) variogram. An example of a theoretical fit by a spherical variogram is shown for the case West OH1 N102: only the first part of the experimental variogram is used to determine the nugget effect, sill and lag values.



Figure 9: Variograms of seafloor and basement topography along seismic profiles where heat flow was measured. Spatial resolution is 500 m.





a: Juan de Fuca (Hydrothermal Transition, Second Ridge and Western Flank areas)

b: Cocos plate (cool and warm zones)



Figure 10: Location of regional studies.



Figure 11: Comparison of variograms for several areas where hydrothermal effects on surface heat flow was studied.

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# Additionnal figures

Figure 12: Heat flow and seismic profiles.Upper panel shows heat flow (dots, black line) and tilt (grey line). Black line represents raw heat flow values, while dots represent heat flow corrected for sedimentation, topography and heat refraction, with the associated error (3  $\sigma$  or 99.7% confidence interval). Red line represents the conductive heat flow based on Stein and Stein (1992) model. Top of the panel shows isochrons locations. Bottom of the panel is the distance to the ridge axis. Middle panel represents temperature versus depth profiles with arbitrary temperature scale. Surface temperature is indicated at the top of each profile. Dotted lines represent extrapolations. Bottom panel represents the seismic profile at the same horizontal scale and position of each site (multi penetration or core) above. The vertical scale is Two Way Travel time (s).



Figure 12a: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 23W.









Figure 12d: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 25E.



Figure 12e: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 26W.



Figure 12f: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 26E.



Figure 12g: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 27W.

 $\widetilde{c}_{\mathcal{T}}^{\mathcal{U}}$ 



Figure 12h: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 27E.


Figure 12i: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 28W.



Figure 12j: Heat flow measurements along seismic profile 28E.

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Figure 12k: Heat flow measurements along profiles AA' and BB' (locations in Figure 1). Bottom panel represents the topographic section (line),top of basement (line segment) and position of each site (multi penetration or core) above.

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Figure 13: Heat flow and conductivity profiles at each measurement site



Figure 13a: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13b: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13c: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13d: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13e: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13f: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13g: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13h: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13i: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13j: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13k: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13l: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13m: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13n: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13o: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13p: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13q: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13r: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13s: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13t: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13u: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles



Figure 13v: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles

Figure 14: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles (coring)



Figure 14a: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles (coring)



Figure 14b: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles (coring)



Figure 14c: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles (coring)



Figure 14d: Plot of OCEANOGRAFLU conductivity and temperature profiles (coring)

## Tables

Table 1: Table of sedimentation corrections assuming two different sediment velocities (1850 and 2050 m/s) and three models cor1 (Von Herzen et al., 1974), cor2 (Hutchison, 1985) and cor3 (Lucazeau and Le Douaran, 1985). All corrections are percentage of surface heat flow. ec and ed are respectively compacted and decomapacted thicknesses.

id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	$\operatorname{cor3}$	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	$\operatorname{cor3}$
OCNG1-1	6.8	239.1	262.6	3.5	3.9	3.9	264.5	293	3.8	4.2	4.2
OCNG1-2	7	230.4	252.2	3.3	3.7	3.7	255.2	281.8	3.6	4	4
OCNG1-3	7.1	329.5	373.2	4.6	5	5	364.9	418.2	5	5.4	5.4
OCNG1-4	7.2	344.7	392.4	4.7	5.1	5.1	381.3	439.3	5.2	5.5	5.5
KT1	8.1	277.8	309.2	3.7	4	4	307.5	345.8	4	4.4	4.4
OCNG2-1	8.1	277.8	309.2	3.7	4	4	307.5	345.8	4	4.4	4.4
OCNG2-2	8.1	371.5	426.7	4.8	5.1	5.1	411	478.1	5.3	5.6	5.6
OCNG2-3	8.2	322.1	363.9	4.2	4.5	4.5	356.7	407.7	4.6	4.9	4.9
OCNG2-4	8.3	466.8	552.4	5.9	6.1	6.1	516.6	620.5	6.4	6.6	6.6
OCNG2-5	8.3	409.6	476.2	5.2	5.5	5.5	454.1	535.3	5.7	6	5.9
OCNG2-6	8.4	394.3	456.1	5	5.3	5.3	436.6	512	5.5	5.8	5.7
OCNG2-7	8.5	411.1	478.2	5.2	5.4	5.4	455.1	536.6	5.7	5.9	5.9
OCNG2-8	8.6	289.5	323.5	3.7	4.1	4.1	320.8	362.4	4.1	4.4	4.4
OCNG2-9	8.7	425.9	497.7	5.3	5.5	5.5	471.5	558.8	5.8	6	6
OCNG2-10	8.8	170.1	182.1	2.2	2.5	2.5	188.6	203.3	2.4	2.8	2.8
KT2	8.8	367.8	421.9	4.6	4.9	4.9	188.6	203.3	2.4	2.8	2.8
OCNG2-11	8.9	585.1	716.7	6.9	7	7	406.9	472.7	5	5.3	5.3
OCNG2-12	9	329.7	373.4	4.1	4.4	4.4	647.8	807.4	7.5	7.6	7.5
OCNG2-13	9.2	170.1	182.1	2.2	2.5	2.5	364.9	418.2	4.4	4.8	4.7
OCNG3-1	9.4	265.2	293.9	3.3	3.6	3.6	294.2	329.3	3.6	3.9	3.9
OCNG3-2	9.5	209.7	227.8	2.6	2.9	2.9	232.7	254.9	2.9	3.2	3.2
OCNG3-3	9.6	193.4	208.9	2.4	2.7	2.7	214.2	233.1	2.6	3	3
OCNG3-4	10.1	375.2	431.4	4.4	4.7	4.6	415.1	483.5	4.8	5.1	5
OCNG3-5	10.3	536.2	647.8	6	6.1	6.1	593.5	728.7	6.5	6.6	6.6

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... table 1 continuing...

id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3
OCNG3-6	10.4	540.1	653.2	6	6.1	6.1	598.6	736.1	6.6	6.7	6.6
OCNG3-7	10.5	415	483.3	4.7	5	4.9	459.2	542.2	5.1	5.4	5.3
OCNG3-8	10.6	390.9	451.8	4.4	4.7	4.7	432.5	506.5	4.8	5.1	5.1
OCNG3-9	10.7	346.3	394.5	3.9	4.3	4.2	383.4	442	4.3	4.6	4.6
OCNG3-10	10.8	378.3	435.5	4.2	4.6	4.5	419.2	488.9	4.7	4.9	4.9
OCNG3-11	11	403	467.5	4.5	4.7	4.7	445.9	524.3	4.9	5.1	5.1
OCNG3-12	11.1	429.8	502.9	4.7	5	4.9	475.6	564.3	5.2	5.4	5.3
OCNG3-13	11.2	439.8	516.2	4.8	5	5	486.9	579.7	5.3	5.5	5.4
OCNG3-14	11.3	494	589.4	5.3	5.5	5.5	547.3	663.3	5.8	6	5.9
OCNG3-15	11.4	537	648.8	5.7	5.9	5.8	594.5	730.2	6.2	6.3	6.3
OCNG3-16	11.5	649.3	809.6	6.7	6.7	6.6	719.5	913.9	7.3	7.3	7.2
OCNG3-17	11.6	612.7	756.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	678.5	852.7	6.9	6.9	6.8
OCNG3-18	11.7	604.4	744.3	6.2	6.3	6.3	669.3	839	6.8	6.8	6.7
OCNG3-19	11.8	579	708	6	6.1	6	641.7	798.4	6.6	6.6	6.5
OCNG3-20	11.9	523.5	630	5.4	5.6	5.6	580.2	709.7	6	6.1	6
OCNG3-21	12	472.2	559.7	4.9	5.2	5.1	522.8	629	5.4	5.6	5.5
OCNG3-22	12.1	436.5	511.7	4.6	4.8	4.8	483.8	575.5	5	5.2	5.2
KT3	12.3	414.4	482.6	4.3	4.6	4.6	459.2	542.2	4.8	5	5
KT4	10	278.5	310	3.3	3.7	3.6	308.5	347	3.6	4	4
KT5	8.8	203.8	220.9	2.6	3	3	225.5	246.4	2.9	3.2	3.2
KT6	8.9	319.3	360.5	4	4.3	4.3	353.6	403.8	4.4	4.7	4.7
KT7	9.1	246.9	271.9	3.1	3.5	3.4	273.7	304.2	3.4	3.8	3.8
KT8	9.3	191.4	206.5	2.4	2.7	2.7	212.2	230.7	2.6	3	3
KT9	9.4	240.3	263.9	3	3.3	3.3	266.5	295.5	3.3	3.6	3.6
KT10	9.6	288.6	322.4	3.5	3.8	3.8	319.8	361.1	3.8	4.2	4.2

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id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3
OCNG4-7	9.7	160.9	171.6	2	2.3	2.3	178.4	191.5	2.2	2.5	2.5
OCNG4-8	9.9	153.6	163.5	1.9	2.1	2.2	170.1	182.2	2.1	2.4	2.4
OCNG4-9	10.1	149.6	158.9	1.8	2.1	2.1	166.1	177.5	2	2.3	2.3
OCNG4-10	10.8	143.3	151.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	158.9	169.4	1.9	2.1	2.1
OCNG4-11	10.9	230.4	252.2	2.6	3	3	255.2	281.8	2.9	3.2	3.2
OCNG4-12	11.1	168.1	179.8	1.9	2.2	2.2	186.6	200.9	2.1	2.4	2.4
OCNG4-12a	11.1	168.1	179.8	1.9	2.2	2.2	186.6	200.9	2.1	2.4	2.4
OCNG4-13	11.2	435	509.8	4.7	5	5	481.8	572.7	5.2	5.4	5.4
OCNG4-14	11.4	500.5	598.3	5.3	5.5	5.5	554.5	673.4	5.9	6	5.9
OCNG4-15	11.4	334.3	379.3	3.7	4	4	370	424.8	4	4.3	4.3
OCNG4-16	11.6	317.8	358.6	3.5	3.8	3.8	351.6	401.2	3.8	4.1	4.1
OCNG4-17	11.7	396.3	458.8	4.3	4.5	4.5	438.7	514.7	4.7	4.9	4.9
OCNG4-18	11.9	399.1	462.4	4.3	4.5	4.5	441.8	518.8	4.7	4.9	4.9
OCNG4-19	12	374.3	430.2	4	4.3	4.3	414.1	482.1	4.4	4.7	4.6
OCNG4-20	12.1	387.4	447.2	4.1	4.4	4.4	429.5	502.4	4.5	4.8	4.7
OCNG4-21	12.2	368.5	422.9	3.9	4.2	4.2	408	474	4.3	4.6	4.5
OCNG4-22	12.4	365	418.3	3.8	4.1	4.1	403.9	468.7	4.2	4.5	4.5
OCNG4-23	12.5	216	235.2	2.3	2.6	2.6	238.8	262.2	2.6	2.9	2.9
OCNG4-24	12.6	141.6	150	1.5	1.8	1.8	156.8	167.1	1.7	2	2
KT11	12.7	333.7	378.6	3.5	3.8	3.8	180.4	193.9	1.9	2.2	2.2
OCNG4-25	12.9	347.2	395.7	3.6	3.9	3.9	370	424.8	3.8	4.1	4.1
OCNG4-26	13	369.1	423.6	3.8	4.1	4	384.4	443.3	3.9	4.2	4.2
OCNG4-27	13.1	282.1	314.4	2.9	3.2	3.2	409	475.4	4.1	4.4	4.4
OCNG4-28	13.3	379.6	437.2	3.8	4.1	4.1	312.6	352.1	3.2	3.5	3.5
OCNG4-29	13.4	333.9	378.8	3.4	3.7	3.7	420.3	490.2	4.2	4.5	4.4

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id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	cor1	cor2	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	cor1	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3
OCNG4-30	13.5	162.7	173.7	1.7	2	2	370	424.8	3.7	4	4
KT12	9.5	298.4	334.5	3.6	4	4	330	373.9	4	4.3	4.3
OCNG5-1	9.6	367.4	421.4	4.4	4.7	4.7	406.9	472.7	4.8	5.1	5.1
OCNG5-2	9.7	484.6	576.6	5.6	5.8	5.8	537.1	649	6.2	6.3	6.3
OCNG5-3	9.9	440.4	516.9	5.1	5.4	5.3	487.9	581.1	5.6	5.8	5.8
OCNG5-4	10	451.3	531.5	5.2	5.4	5.4	500.2	597.9	5.7	5.9	5.8
OCNG5-5a	10.1	429.4	502.4	4.9	5.2	5.2	475.6	564.3	5.4	5.6	5.6
OCNG5-6	10.3	490.5	584.6	5.5	5.7	5.7	543.3	657.6	6	6.2	6.1
OCNG5-7	10.4	510.1	611.6	5.7	5.9	5.8	564.8	687.9	6.2	6.4	6.3
OCNG5-8	10.5	500.1	597.8	5.6	5.8	5.7	553.5	672	6.1	6.2	6.2
OCNG5-9	10.6	465	549.9	5.2	5.4	5.4	514.5	617.7	5.7	5.9	5.8
OCNG5-10	10.7	445	523.1	4.9	5.2	5.2	493	588.1	5.4	5.7	5.6
OCNG5-11	10.8	489.2	582.9	5.4	5.6	5.5	542.2	656.2	5.9	6.1	6
OCNG5-12	10.9	340.6	387.2	3.8	4.1	4.1	377.2	434	4.2	4.5	4.5
OCNG5-13	11	70.9	73	0.8	1	1	78.9	81.6	0.9	1.1	1.1
OCNG5-14	11.4	310.4	349.4	3.4	3.7	3.7	343.4	390.8	3.8	4.1	4.1
OCNG5-15	11.5	365.6	419.1	4	4.3	4.3	404.9	470	4.4	4.7	4.6
OCNG5-16	11.6	269.9	299.5	3	3.3	3.3	299.3	335.6	3.3	3.6	3.6
OCNG5-17	11.7	245.4	270.1	2.7	3	3	271.6	301.7	3	3.3	3.3
OCNG5-18	11.8	223.2	243.7	2.5	2.8	2.8	247	272	2.7	3	3
OCNG5-19	12	314.7	354.7	3.4	3.7	3.7	348.5	397.3	3.7	4	4
OCNG5-20	12.2	273.2	303.6	2.9	3.3	3.2	302.4	339.4	3.2	3.6	3.5
OCNG5-21	12.7	92.4	96	1	1.2	1.2	102.5	106.9	1.1	1.3	1.3
OCNG5-22	12.8	403	467.5	4.1	4.4	4.4	445.9	524.3	4.5	4.8	4.7
KT13	7.8	29.6	30	0.4	0.5	0.5	32.8	33.3	0.5	0.6	0.6

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id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	$\cos 3$
OCNG6-3	9	333	377.6	4.1	4.5	4.5	369	423.5	4.5	4.9	4.8
OCNG6-4	9.3	320.2	361.6	3.9	4.3	4.2	354.6	405.1	4.3	4.6	4.6
OCNG6-5	9.5	342.6	389.8	4.1	4.5	4.4	379.3	436.7	4.5	4.8	4.8
OCNG6-6	9.5	469.8	556.4	5.5	5.8	5.7	520.7	626.2	6.1	6.2	6.2
OCNG6-7	9.6	83.3	86.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	92.3	95.8	1.2	1.4	1.4
OCNG6-8	9.9	435.2	510	5	5.3	5.3	481.8	572.7	5.5	5.8	5.7
OCNG6-9	10	508.7	609.5	5.8	6	5.9	563.8	686.4	6.3	6.5	6.4
OCNG6-10	10.1	478.3	568	5.4	5.7	5.6	529.9	639	6	6.1	6.1
OCNG6-11	10.2	511.8	613.9	5.8	5.9	5.9	566.8	690.8	6.3	6.4	6.4
OCNG6-12	10.2	425.2	496.7	4.9	5.1	5.1	470.5	557.4	5.3	5.6	5.5
OCNG6-13	10.1	309.7	348.5	3.6	4	4	343.4	390.8	4	4.3	4.3
OCNG6-14	10.2	178.3	191.5	2.1	2.5	2.4	197.8	214	2.4	2.7	2.7
KT14	13.3	162.7	173.7	1.7	2	2	180.4	193.9	1.9	2.2	2.2
KT15	12.9	165	176.3	1.8	2	2	182.4	196.2	1.9	2.2	2.2
OCNG7-1	13.1	386.4	445.9	3.9	4.2	4.2	428.5	501.1	4.3	4.6	4.5
OCNG7-2	13	255.8	282.5	2.7	3	3	282.9	315.4	2.9	3.3	3.2
OCNG7-3	12.9	319.7	360.9	3.3	3.6	3.6	353.6	403.8	3.7	4	3.9
OCNG7-4	12.7	380.2	437.9	3.9	4.2	4.2	421.3	491.6	4.3	4.6	4.6
OCNG7-5	12.5	170.6	182.6	1.9	2.1	2.1	188.6	203.3	2	2.3	2.3
OCNG8-32	12.3	255.4	282.1	2.8	3.1	3.1	92.3	95.8	1	1.2	1.2
OCNG8-31	12.2	248	273.2	2.7	3	3	204	221.1	2.2	2.5	2.5
OCNG8-30	12.1	68.2	70.2	0.8	0.9	0.9	419.2	488.9	4.4	4.7	4.6
OCNG8-29	11.9	144.3	153	1.6	1.9	1.9	447.9	527	4.7	5	4.9
OCNG8-28	11.8	191.9	207.2	2.1	2.4	2.4	114.8	120.3	1.3	1.5	1.5
OCNG8-27	11.1	125.2	131.8	1.5	1.7	1.7	307.5	345.8	3.4	3.8	3.8

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id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	cor1	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	cor1	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3
OCNG8-26	10.9	205.7	223.2	2.4	2.7	2.7	505.3	604.9	5.5	5.7	5.7
OCNG8-25	10.8	183.7	197.7	2.1	2.4	2.4	556.6	676.3	6	6.2	6.1
OCNG8-24	10.7	165.8	177.2	1.9	2.2	2.2	271.6	301.7	3.1	3.5	3.4
OCNG8-23	10.5	165.8	177.2	2	2.3	2.3	384.4	443.3	4.4	4.7	4.6
KT18	10.5	252.4	278.4	2.9	3.3	3.3	428.5	501.1	4.8	5.1	5.1
OCNG8-22	10.4	280.1	312.1	3.3	3.6	3.6	423.3	494.3	4.8	5.1	5
OCNG8-21	10.2	192.7	208	2.3	2.6	2.6	671.4	842	7.3	7.3	7.2
OCNG8-20	10.1	249.1	274.4	3	3.3	3.3	635.5	789.4	7	7	7
OCNG8-19	10	254.5	281	3	3.4	3.4	473.5	561.5	5.4	5.7	5.6
OCNG8-18	9.8	300.1	336.6	3.6	3.9	3.9	288	321.7	3.4	3.8	3.8
OCNG8-17	9.6	323.6	365.9	3.9	4.2	4.2	194.8	210.4	2.4	2.7	2.7
OCNG8-16	9.5	242.3	266.3	3	3.3	3.3	157.9	168.2	2	2.3	2.3
OCNG8-15	9.4	142.6	151.1	1.8	2.1	2.1	268.5	297.9	3.3	3.6	3.6
OCNG8-14	9.2	175.9	188.8	2.2	2.5	2.5	358.8	410.3	4.4	4.7	4.7
OCNG8-13	9.1	260.3	287.9	3.3	3.6	3.6	332.1	376.5	4.1	4.4	4.4
OCNG8-12	9	427.5	499.8	5.2	5.5	5.4	281.9	314.2	3.5	3.9	3.9
OCNG8-11	8.6	573.3	700	6.9	7	7	275.7	306.7	3.5	3.9	3.9
OCNG8-10	8	606.1	746.8	7.5	7.6	7.5	213.2	231.9	2.9	3.2	3.2
OCNG8-9	7.9	382.2	440.5	5	5.3	5.3	310.6	349.6	4.1	4.5	4.5
OCNG8-8	7.8	346.7	395	4.6	5	4.9	279.8	311.7	3.8	4.1	4.1
KT19	7.6	245.5	270.2	3.4	3.7	3.7	105.6	110.3	1.5	1.7	1.8
OCNG8-7	7.4	502.1	600.5	6.6	6.8	6.8	183.5	197.4	2.6	2.9	2.9
OCNG8-7a	7.4	455.8	537.6	6.1	6.3	6.3	183.5	197.4	2.6	2.9	2.9
OCNG8-6	7.3	277.6	309	3.9	4.2	4.2	204	221.1	2.9	3.3	3.3
OCNG8-5	6.7	103.6	108.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	227.6	248.8	3.3	3.7	3.7

... table 1 continuing...

id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3
OCNG8-4	6.1	404.4	469.3	6	6.3	6.3	138.4	146.4	2.2	2.5	2.5
OCNG8-3	6.1	378.9	436.2	5.6	6	6	212.2	230.7	3.3	3.7	3.7
OCNG8-2	5.9	184.5	198.6	2.9	3.3	3.3	159.9	170.5	2.5	2.9	2.9
OCNG8-1	5.8	83.1	86	1.3	1.6	1.6	75.8	78.3	1.2	1.5	1.5
KT17	6.4	386.7	446.3	5.6	5.9	5.9	274.7	305.4	4.1	4.5	4.5
KT16	7	95	98.8	1.4	1.6	1.7	282.9	315.4	4	4.4	4.4
OCNG9-1	5.8	152.9	162.6	2.4	2.8	2.8	169.1	181	2.7	3.1	3.1
OCNG9-2a	5.9	347.4	395.9	5.3	5.6	5.7	384.4	443.3	5.8	6.1	6.1
OCNG9-3	6	377.3	434.2	5.6	6	6	418.2	487.5	6.2	6.5	6.5
OCNG9-4	6.1	407.8	473.8	6	6.3	6.3	452	532.5	6.6	6.9	6.9
OCNG9-5	6.2	400.8	464.7	5.9	6.2	6.2	443.8	521.5	6.4	6.7	6.7
OCNG9-6	6.3	413.4	481.2	6	6.3	6.3	458.2	540.8	6.6	6.9	6.8
OCNG9-7	6.6	211.1	229.5	3.1	3.5	3.5	233.7	256.1	3.4	3.8	3.8
OCNG9-8	6.7	181	194.6	2.7	3	3.1	200.9	217.6	3	3.3	3.3
OCNG9-9	7.4	68.9	70.9	1	1.2	1.2	75.8	78.3	1.1	1.3	1.3
OCNG9-10	7.5	89.1	92.5	1.3	1.5	1.5	98.4	102.5	1.4	1.6	1.7
OCNG9-11	7.6	64	65.8	0.9	1.1	1.1	70.7	72.8	1	1.2	1.2
OCNG9-12	7.7	134.2	141.7	1.9	2.2	2.2	148.6	157.8	2.1	2.4	2.4
OCNG9-13	7.8	63.5	65.2	0.9	1.1	1.1	70.7	72.8	1	1.2	1.2
OCNG9-14	7.9	320.1	361.5	4.2	4.6	4.6	354.6	405.1	4.7	5	5
OCNG9-15	8	312.3	351.7	4.1	4.5	4.5	345.4	393.4	4.5	4.9	4.9
OCNG9-16	8.9	257.9	285.1	3.3	3.6	3.6	286	319.2	3.6	3.9	3.9
OCNG9-17	8.9	487.3	580.2	5.9	6.1	6.1	540.2	653.3	6.5	6.6	6.6
OCNG9-18	9	443.4	521	5.4	5.6	5.6	491	585.3	5.9	6.1	6.1
OCNG9-19	9.3	228.1	249.5	2.8	3.2	3.2	253.2	279.4	3.1	3.5	3.5

... table 1 continuing...

id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	$\operatorname{cor1}$	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	cor1	$\operatorname{cor2}$	cor3
OCNG9-20	9.4	457.2	539.5	5.4	5.7	5.6	506.4	606.4	5.9	6.1	6.1
OCNG9-21	9.5	86	89.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	95.3	99.1	1.2	1.4	1.4
KT20	10.6	143.3	151.8	1.7	2	2	158.9	169.4	1.9	2.2	2.2
KT21	8.7	187	201.4	2.4	2.8	2.8	207.1	224.7	2.7	3	3
KT22	7.6	328.4	371.8	4.4	4.8	4.8	363.9	416.9	4.9	5.2	5.2
KT23	6.4	96.3	100.2	1.5	1.7	1.8	106.6	111.4	1.6	1.9	1.9
OCNG10-1	7.8	175.5	188.2	2.4	2.8	2.8	194.8	210.4	2.7	3	3
KT24	7.8	175.5	188.2	2.4	2.8	2.8	194.8	210.4	2.7	3	3
KT25	7.9	177.5	190.6	2.4	2.8	2.8	196.8	212.8	2.7	3	3
OCNG11-3	8.1	132.8	140.2	1.8	2.1	2.1	147.6	156.7	2	2.3	2.3
OCNG11-4	8.8	493.6	588.8	6	6.2	6.2	546.3	661.9	6.6	6.7	6.6
OCNG11-5	9.3	294	329.1	3.6	4	4	326	368.8	4	4.3	4.3
OCNG11-6a	9.4	316	356.3	3.8	4.2	4.2	349.5	398.6	4.2	4.5	4.5
OCNG11-7	10.1	163.9	175.1	2	2.3	2.3	181.4	195.1	2.2	2.5	2.5
OCNG11-9	10.6	360.2	412.2	4.1	4.4	4.4	398.7	462	4.5	4.8	4.8
OCNG11-10a	10.7	195	210.7	2.3	2.6	2.6	216.3	235.5	2.5	2.8	2.8
OCNG11-11	10.8	101	105.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	111.7	117	1.3	1.5	1.5
OCNG12-1	8.8	140.6	148.8	1.8	2.1	2.1	155.8	165.9	2	2.3	2.3
OCNG12-2	8.9	335	380.2	4.2	4.5	4.5	371	426.1	4.6	4.9	4.9
OCNG12-3	9	219.7	239.6	2.8	3.1	3.1	242.9	267.1	3.1	3.4	3.4
OCNG12-4	9.2	405.6	470.9	4.9	5.2	5.2	449	528.4	5.4	5.6	5.6
OCNG12-5	9.4	591.4	725.7	6.8	6.9	6.8	655	817.9	7.5	7.5	7.4
OCNG12-6	9.5	496.7	593.1	5.8	6	6	550.4	667.7	6.4	6.5	6.4
OCNG12-7	9.5	328.6	372.1	4	4.3	4.3	363.9	416.9	4.4	4.7	4.7
OCNG12-8	9.6	160.5	171.2	2	2.3	2.3	177.3	190.4	2.2	2.5	2.5

... table 1 continuing...

id	t(Ma)	ec(m)	ed(m)	cor1	cor2	cor3	ec(m)	ed(m)	cor1	cor2	cor3
OCNG12-9	9.7	455.4	537.1	5.3	5.6	5.5	504.3	603.5	5.8	6	6
OCNG12-10	9.8	344.5	392.1	4.1	4.4	4.4	381.3	439.3	4.5	4.8	4.8
OCNG12-11	10.3	151.2	160.8	1.8	2.1	2.1	167.1	178.7	2	2.3	2.3
KT26	10.7	832.4	1087.4	8.6	8.4	8.2	921.5	1229.1	9.4	9	8.8
KT27	10.6	110.6	115.7	1.3	1.5	1.6	133.3	140.7	1.6	1.8	1.8
KT28	10.9	236	258.8	2.7	3	3	123	129.3	1.4	1.7	1.7
KT29	10.9	162.7	173.7	1.9	2.2	2.2	261.4	289.2	3	3.3	3.3

Table 2: Table of heat flow measurements. First column is the site name (OCNG<sup>\*-\*</sup> for POGO measurements and KT<sup>\*</sup> for Küllenberg cores equipped with thermistors). Second and third columns are longitude and latitude (decimal degrees). z is bathymetry from echosounding (meters). Tw is sea-bottom temperature (in °C). tilt is the angle of the instrument in the sediment (°). nT is the number of available thermistors (maximum 7). G is the uncorrected temperature gradient (mKm<sup>-1</sup>). n $\lambda$  is the number of thermal conductivity measurements.  $\lambda$  is the thermal conductivity (Wm<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-1</sup>). UHF is the uncorrected heat flow (mWm<sup>-2</sup>). UHF is the heat flow corrected for topographic, refraction and sedimentation effects (mWm<sup>-2</sup>).  $\sigma$ HF is the standard error on corrected heat flow values (mWm<sup>-2</sup>).

Site	long	lat	Z	Tw	tilt	$\mathrm{nT}$	G	$\mathrm{n}\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
profile 23W												
OCNG1-1	-37.0717	35.3807	3321	2.67	0.9	6	35.1	6	0.88	31.0	37.6	4.5
OCNG1-2	-37.0889	35.3829	3330	2.66	13.8	6	27.7	6	0.90	24.8	23.2	6.5
OCNG1-3	-37.1057	35.3870	3355	2.62	4.2	6	28.7	0	0.90	25.8	26.6	7.8
OCNG1-4	-37.1227	35.3897	3350	2.64	4.6	6	34.0	0	0.90	30.6	39.8	8.2

Site	long	lat	$\mathbf{Z}$	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$\mathrm{n}\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
KT1	-37.2625	35.4159	3430	2.53	6.1	5	39.7	1	0.87	34.6	35.7	2.3
OCNG2-1	-37.2621	35.4158	3429	2.53	0.0	5	41.0	4	0.90	36.9	38.1	9.0
OCNG2-2	-37.2707	35.4252	3469	2.53	15.4	6	34.5	0	0.90	31.1	35.8	8.5
OCNG2-3	-37.2809	35.4193	3466	2.51	9.2	6	35.5	0	0.90	32.0	28.3	8.7
OCNG2-4	-37.2909	35.4207	3473	2.51	1.0	6	38.0	3	0.87	33.2	41.1	6.6
OCNG2-5	-37.3015	35.4234	3475	2.52	3.4	5	50.7	4	0.93	46.9	52.2	6.4
OCNG2-6	-37.3147	35.4265	3491	2.52	9.1	5	41.1	4	0.90	36.9	39.1	7.0
OCNG2-7	-37.3298	35.4283	3503	2.53	9.5	5	33.5	2	0.89	29.9	33.1	12.3
OCNG2-8	-37.3421	35.4308	3504	2.55	18.0	5	39.0	4	1.12	43.6	38.5	7.6
OCNG2-9	-37.3537	35.4336	3504	2.55	21.3	5	47.4	3	1.16	54.9	65.2	13.0
OCNG2-10	-37.3755	35.4374	3473	2.59	58.1	3	84.7	0	0.90	76.2	63.7	20.8
KT2	-37.3758	35.4371	3469	2.51	1.1	5	99.0	4	0.86	85.2	73.0	7.9
OCNG2-11	-37.3902	35.4403	3482	2.54	63.8	4	68.6	2	0.86	58.9	65.9	27.8
OCNG2-12	-37.4039	35.4428	3469	2.54	8.9	6	36.4	0	0.90	32.8	46.7	9.7
OCNG2-13	-37.4378	35.4488	3468	2.53	11.6	5	67.5	0	0.90	60.8	60.0	14.7
OCNG3-1	-37.4710	35.4551	3471	2.52	3.6	6	54.8	6	0.92	50.6	50.9	2.3
OCNG3-2	-37.4923	35.4590	3463	2.52	5.7	6	64.3	7	0.87	56.1	58.0	3.2
OCNG3-3	-37.5011	35.4611	3464	2.53	4.3	6	48.2	6	0.91	44.0	45.1	4.3
OCNG3-4	-37.5811	35.4757	3576	2.49	5.1	6	50.6	6	0.87	44.0	46.5	3.3
OCNG3-5	-37.6013	35.4797	3577	2.50	13.4	6	149.8	6	0.86	128.1	143.7	13.1
OCNG3-6	-37.6231	35.4833	3580	2.51	35.5	4	153.5	2	1.00	154.0	170.4	10.8
OCNG3-7	-37.6395	35.4866	3576	2.50	18.4	6	158.2	5	1.01	159.3	165.4	22.6
OCNG3-8	-37.6556	35.4897	3577	2.48	5.3	6	137.9	6	0.91	125.2	132.5	7.9
OCNG3-9	-37.6718	35.4930	3618	2.49	4.1	6	133.6	6	0.92	122.5	127.2	5.5
OCNG3-10	-37.6880	35.4952	3645	2.44	3.0	6	133.9	6	0.96	128.3	141.0	6.2

... table 2 continuing...

Site	long	lat	Z	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$n\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
OCNG3-11	-37.7040	35.4988	3658	2.42	1.5	6	134.4	5	0.95	127.8	134.6	9.5
OCNG3-12	-37.7201	35.5016	3663	2.42	1.6	6	133.7	6	0.89	119.1	121.9	10.2
OCNG3-13	-37.7361	35.5044	3657	2.42	2.9	6	147.4	6	0.88	130.2	135.5	7.4
OCNG3-14	-37.7521	35.5078	3659	2.41	4.9	6	152.8	6	0.94	143.5	151.2	7.3
OCNG3-15	-37.7686	35.5107	3664	2.43	4.3	6	145.4	6	0.91	131.6	139.3	6.7
OCNG3-16	-37.7846	35.5136	3674	2.42	3.5	6	153.3	6	0.79	121.7	134.9	7.1
OCNG3-17	-37.8014	35.5170	3693	2.42	6.4	6	150.8	6	0.79	119.6	130.7	5.0
OCNG3-18	-37.8170	35.5202	3692	2.44	3.7	6	127.0	6	0.89	112.4	123.9	8.0
OCNG3-19	-37.8335	35.5228	3691	2.44	4.1	6	127.0	6	0.80	101.9	108.1	6.5
OCNG3-20	-37.8498	35.5262	3730	2.44	2.0	5	116.7	6	0.99	114.9	123.0	7.5
OCNG3-21	-37.8658	35.5291	3737	2.42	6.7	4	106.8	2	0.98	104.2	102.0	7.8
OCNG3-22	-37.8820	35.5323	3715	2.44	3.7	5	116.7	5	0.95	111.0	113.1	6.3
KT3	-37.9108	35.5372	3753	2.40	1.0	4	112.7	1	0.90	101.9	102.2	4.8
profile 25W												
KT4	-37.6837	35.3416	2859	3.01	2.2	3	81.0	3	0.86	69.6	86.9	13.0
profile 27W												
KT5	-37.3608	35.1271	2726	3.16	2.6	5	23.4	6	0.91	21.3	34.5	7.1
KT6	-37.3783	35.1301	2769	3.15	0.9	4	13.5	6	0.84	11.3	20.0	5.1
KT7	-37.3952	35.1338	2786	3.12	1.2	4	24.1	7	0.92	22.2	35.4	9.0
KT8	-37.4320	35.1402	2766	3.09	1.9	5	44.0	4	0.91	39.8	43.7	7.9
KT9	-37.4458	35.1436	2757	3.11	1.4	4	48.2	5	1.01	48.7	71.0	6.2

Site	long	lat	Z	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$\mathrm{n}\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
KT10	-37.4675	35.1475	2886	3.03	1.6	5	28.6	3	0.98	28.0	33.8	4.1
OCNG4-7	-37.4853	35.1505	2926	3.03	5.8	5	46.2	6	0.95	44.0	34.4	3.1
OCNG4-8	-37.5119	35.1555	2937	3.02	1.7	5	53.6	5	0.93	49.8	50.9	5.7
OCNG4-9	-37.5281	35.1586	2951	3.01	4.8	4	76.1	4	0.93	70.8	65.8	6.4
OCNG4-10	-37.6202	35.1762	2774	3.10	6.0	5	53.7	5	1.09	58.5	68.3	12.4
OCNG4-11	-37.6334	35.1783	2830	3.05	3.0	5	46.8	5	1.09	50.8	62.2	7.5
OCNG4-12	-37.6641	35.1848	3010	2.92	21.2	5	51.5	0	0.91	46.6	43.0	9.3
OCNG4-12a	-37.6641	35.1848	3010	2.92	3.1	5	49.8	5	0.91	45.1	41.5	5.7
OCNG4-13	-37.6793	35.1869	3023	2.94	5.9	5	24.9	5	0.91	22.7	29.3	5.1
OCNG4-14	-37.6959	35.1902	3034	2.95	3.6	5	11.4	5	0.92	10.5	18.6	9.9
OCNG4-15	-37.7127	35.1939	3037	2.98	6.5	5	16.7	5	0.87	14.5	12.8	9.9
OCNG4-16	-37.7296	35.1963	3038	2.99	7.4	5	33.9	5	0.90	30.6	29.8	14.3
OCNG4-17	-37.7461	35.1995	3067	2.96	5.3	5	35.6	5	0.94	33.3	36.6	8.6
OCNG4-18	-37.7623	35.2027	3058	2.90	2.4	6	34.3	6	0.93	31.9	34.8	5.2
OCNG4-19	-37.7777	35.2063	3057	2.90	3.4	6	39.9	6	1.00	39.9	43.6	4.5
OCNG4-20	-37.7941	35.2084	3078	2.88	11.1	6	46.7	6	1.02	47.7	50.2	6.0
OCNG4-21	-37.8097	35.2118	3081	2.87	9.2	6	96.5	6	0.94	90.2	96.2	4.2
OCNG4-22	-37.8311	35.2149	3077	2.88	8.5	6	80.3	6	0.94	75.6	83.1	4.4
OCNG4-23	-37.8428	35.2181	3077	2.90	5.1	6	68.6	6	0.97	66.5	64.7	7.7
OCNG4-24	-37.8603	35.2212	3070	2.87	6.9	6	81.5	6	0.96	78.6	75.7	6.4
KT11	-37.8703	35.2226	3099	2.80	2.0	5	114.2	7	0.98	112.3	102.7	9.4
OCNG4-25	-37.8930	35.2278	3126	2.79	17.5	6	46.1	5	0.98	45.0	51.7	12.4
OCNG4-26	-37.9094	35.2305	3134	2.78	8.1	6	56.4	5	0.92	51.7	55.2	5.6
OCNG4-27	-37.9259	35.2335	3026	2.79	6.9	6	79.9	6	0.93	73.9	81.1	3.6
OCNG4-28	-37.9420	35.2367	3158	2.78	2.5	6	106.6	6	1.01	107.2	102.7	4.0

Site	long	lat	$\mathbf{Z}$	Tw	$\operatorname{tilt}$	nΤ	G	$\mathrm{n}\lambda$	$\lambda$	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma {\rm HF}$
OCNG4-29	-37.9585	35.2397	3160	2.75	2.8	5	53.4	5	0.91	48.7	50.7	3.9
OCNG4-30	-37.9753	35.2431	3156	2.72	12.0	6	61.4	6	0.93	57.3	55.8	6.3
profile 28W												
KT12	-37.5348	35.0831	2997	2.95	0.4	5	31.4	7	0.81	25.6	29.6	2.8
OCNG5-1	-37.5507	35.0859	3022	2.96	4.9	5	36.5	6	0.91	33.1	35.1	4.0
OCNG5-2	-37.5662	35.0886	3045	2.95	13.8	6	30.5	6	0.89	27.3	30.9	10.7
OCNG5-3	-37.5979	35.0945	3049	2.93	12.3	5	26.1	5	0.88	22.9	23.9	7.2
OCNG5-4	-37.6136	35.0977	3066	2.95	4.0	5	46.3	5	0.99	45.8	46.5	9.0
OCNG5-5a	-37.6294	35.1008	3069	2.93	3.4	5	36.6	5	0.91	33.2	33.1	8.4
OCNG5-6	-37.6449	35.1041	3070	2.92	3.3	5	40.3	5	0.92	37.1	43.4	11.4
OCNG5-7	-37.6607	35.1064	3073	2.92	8.7	5	29.3	5	0.91	26.6	30.6	5.9
OCNG5-8	-37.6769	35.1098	3075	2.93	1.5	5	26.3	5	0.90	23.6	27.0	7.2
OCNG5-9	-37.6932	35.1128	3078	2.92	8.1	5	26.4	4	0.89	23.5	25.4	9.1
OCNG5-10	-37.7096	35.1157	3078	2.90	5.0	5	28.6	5	0.89	25.5	27.1	7.3
OCNG5-11	-37.7258	35.1173	3078	2.88	11.4	5	27.4	5	0.91	25.0	32.1	7.2
OCNG5-12	-37.7421	35.1221	3069	2.89	8.4	5	37.6	5	0.90	33.8	36.2	7.4
OCNG5-13	-37.7581	35.1252	3050	2.90	3.3	6	60.4	6	0.98	59.3	32.6	8.6
OCNG5-14	-37.8087	35.1345	3052	2.91	12.9	6	47.2	5	1.03	48.5	54.5	14.4
OCNG5-15	-37.8249	35.1376	3047	2.91	7.2	6	44.3	6	0.94	41.7	48.2	4.7
OCNG5-16	-37.8408	35.1407	2990	2.91	2.2	6	130.4	6	1.01	131.4	133.1	8.2
OCNG5-17	-37.8583	35.1439	3004	2.93	8.6	6	71.4	6	0.96	68.8	74.0	8.9
OCNG5-18	-37.8731	35.1485	2954	2.98	6.5	6	63.0	6	1.05	66.4	78.9	9.5
OCNG5-19	-37.9051	35.1531	2907	3.00	6.8	5	56.0	5	1.03	57.6	75.6	10.0

... table 2 continuing...

Site	long	lat	$\mathbf{Z}$	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$n\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
OCNG5-20	-37.9209	35.1558	2908	3.01	6.5	6	43.4	6	1.00	43.2	63.1	6.4
OCNG5-21	-38.0044	35.1739	3191	2.68	14.9	6	108.2	5	0.94	102.0	79.2	15.7
OCNG5-22	-38.0145	35.1802	3208	2.69	2.7	5	67.4	5	0.87	58.5	65.5	3.1
profile 26W												
KT13	-37.4300	35.2167	2622	3.20	2.1	2	44.7	1	0.98	43.9	37.7	0.4
OCNG6-3	-37.6332	35.2551	2834	2.94	5.0	6	44.1	6	0.94	41.4	56.6	2.9
OCNG6-4	-37.6853	35.2645	2855	2.94	5.4	6	62.4	6	1.00	62.2	81.0	5.8
OCNG6-5	-37.7124	35.2703	2890	2.90	5.2	6	50.6	6	0.97	49.2	58.8	4.3
OCNG6-6	-37.7258	35.2729	2998	2.92	3.4	5	81.2	5	0.92	75.0	94.6	13.3
OCNG6-7	-37.7375	35.2750	3028	2.89	7.1	6	66.4	6	0.96	63.6	42.8	5.8
OCNG6-8	-37.7861	35.2840	3106	2.86	8.3	5	9.4	5	0.90	8.5	16.7	11.6
OCNG6-9	-37.8030	35.2866	3118	2.80	21.0	5	38.3	5	1.00	38.5	46.7	7.2
OCNG6-10	-37.8198	35.2903	3131	2.80	16.7	5	101.3	5	0.88	89.4	98.8	10.0
OCNG6-11	-37.8344	35.2931	3146	2.82	7.9	6	121.1	6	1.00	120.5	132.6	3.2
OCNG6-12	-37.8468	35.2955	3141	2.84	6.0	6	117.1	6	0.91	106.0	114.5	8.3
profile 25W												
OCNG6-13	-37.6979	35.3445	2872	3.01	10.5	5	51.7	5	1.01	52.4	54.7	5.5
OCNG6-14	-37.7119	35.3467	2954	2.97	14.5	4	43.1	4	1.01	43.4	44.6	17.1
profile 26E												

... table 2 continuing...

Site	long	lat	$\mathbf{Z}$	Tw	tilt	nΤ	G	$n\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
KT17	-35.7259	34.8948	2643	3.22	3.5	5	35.1	6	0.82	28.8	35.8	3.0
KT16	-35.6522	34.8816	2565	3.24	2.7	5	36.5	3	0.87	31.8	39.5	1.9
KT21	-35.4110	34.8349	2710	3.18	1.7	5	127.0	5	0.88	111.6	114.4	8.0
OCNG12-8	-35.2939	34.8143	2968	3.07	4.5	5	42.2	5	1.02	42.9	44.2	4.1
OCNG12-9	-35.2784	34.8101	2966	3.06	7.0	6	65.1	6	0.89	57.9	68.5	5.1
OCNG12-10	-35.2620	34.8072	2945	3.15	6.1	6	122.4	6	0.88	107.6	112.3	5.1
OCNG12-11	-35.1897	34.7930	2770	3.15	65.5	3	59.6	3	1.04	61.8	65.4	78.2
KT26	-35.1269	34.7816	2838	3.09	4.0	5	100.8	2	0.78	78.8	103.7	1.9
profile 27E												
OCNG7-1	-34.8022	34.6424	2795	3.09	17.1	5	14.3	5	0.99	14.1	20.6	17.0
OCNG7-2	-34.8199	34.6455	2753	3.08	11.7	4	11.3	5	0.96	10.8	18.9	2.3
OCNG7-3	-34.8367	34.6491	2761	3.08	16.1	6	23.4	4	0.97	22.8	27.1	5.5
OCNG7-4	-34.8523	34.6525	2742	3.10	10.5	6	27.8	5	0.98	27.2	52.2	7.4
OCNG7-5	-34.8825	34.6579	2783	3.09	8.2	5	26.4	4	1.01	26.8	34.8	4.6
OCNG8-32	-34.8996	34.6613	2792	3.11	16.9	4	22.7	3	1.03	23.3	22.1	4.7
OCNG8-31	-34.9161	34.6645	2805	3.10	11.7	5	29.9	4	0.94	28.0	34.9	6.2
OCNG8-30	-34.9330	34.6676	2812	3.10	13.2	6	82.5	5	1.04	85.6	95.5	15.4
OCNG8-29	-34.9496	34.6708	2803	3.10	12.5	4	28.2	5	0.94	26.6	37.8	4.0
OCNG8-28	-34.9654	34.6739	2785	3.10	7.6	6	109.9	6	0.96	105.6	92.0	5.5
OCNG8-27	-35.0493	34.6895	2768	3.13	4.7	5	41.5	4	1.00	41.6	54.8	10.1
OCNG8-26	-35.0651	34.6926	2761	3.13	7.8	6	27.6	6	0.98	26.9	37.4	5.8
OCNG8-25	-35.0814	34.6955	2760	3.12	8.2	5	56.2	4	1.02	57.4	73.1	5.8
OCNG8-24	-35.0973	34.6986	2710	3.15	13.6	5	105.8	4	0.95	100.0	120.2	19.7

Site	long	lat	Z	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$\mathrm{n}\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
OCNG8-23	-35.1136	34.7018	2799	3.12	5.8	5	48.9	4	0.92	44.9	52.3	6.2
KT18	-35.1222	34.7034	2801	3.08	2.4	5	42.9	6	0.84	36.0	40.4	1.9
OCNG8-22	-35.1295	34.7049	2799	3.12	5.0	6	41.6	5	0.89	36.9	36.4	6.5
OCNG8-21	-35.1456	34.7079	2785	3.12	7.1	6	63.4	5	0.98	61.9	76.3	13.9
OCNG8-20	-35.1618	34.7111	2785	3.11	6.2	6	57.3	5	0.97	55.5	66.3	4.1
OCNG8-19	-35.1782	34.7141	2780	3.11	5.6	6	22.0	5	0.91	20.1	26.9	5.3
OCNG8-18	-35.1946	34.7174	2770	3.12	6.6	6	36.6	5	0.90	32.9	29.5	6.2
OCNG8-17	-35.2169	34.7213	2622	3.21	11.8	5	14.5	4	0.94	13.6	14.7	5.5
OCNG8-16	-35.2333	34.7243	2594	3.21	19.5	6	1.7	6	1.07	1.8	-3.5	6.6
OCNG8-15	-35.2494	34.7278	2546	3.24	6.7	6	-0.2	6	0.98	-0.2	10.2	6.5
OCNG8-14	-35.2659	34.7309	2553	3.28	6.7	6	2.3	5	0.91	2.1	9.4	9.3
OCNG8-13	-35.2825	34.7339	2536	3.30	10.1	6	9.1	5	0.94	8.5	17.5	8.9
OCNG8-12	-35.2990	34.7370	2513	3.34	6.3	6	21.9	6	0.97	21.3	38.9	6.3
OCNG8-11	-35.3395	34.7446	2737	3.17	8.8	6	24.9	5	0.96	23.9	34.8	5.6
OCNG8-10	-35.4094	34.7577	2577	3.27	15.7	6	43.0	6	1.02	43.6	37.9	10.0
OCNG8-9	-35.4227	34.7605	2579	3.26	10.0	6	30.1	5	0.98	29.5	43.4	13.4
OCNG8-8	-35.4394	34.7637	2568	3.24	23.4	6	36.4	4	1.23	44.8	57.8	13.9
KT19	-35.4660	34.7689	2563	3.19	1.7	2	125.1	3	0.98	122.9	143.4	5.2
OCNG8-7	-35.4820	34.7717	2681	3.20	23.6	4	139.8	3	0.93	130.2	140.8	23.8
OCNG8-7a	-35.4820	34.7717	2681	3.20	8.7	6	103.5	5	0.98	101.2	111.1	12.8
OCNG8-6	-35.4984	34.7748	2680	3.20	6.2	5	101.8	4	0.95	96.7	106.6	13.4
OCNG8-5	-35.5699	34.7881	2653	3.20	19.8	4	59.5	3	1.04	61.6	79.1	22.2
OCNG8-4	-35.6328	34.8002	2915	3.19	7.8	6	64.9	6	0.90	58.5	46.8	3.9
OCNG8-3	-35.6438	34.8023	2899	3.19	8.9	6	52.2	6	0.91	47.3	51.4	6.2
OCNG8-2	-35.6612	34.8054	2782	3.21	4.6	6	94.6	5	0.89	84.5	106.0	5.5

Site	long	lat	$\mathbf{Z}$	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$n\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
OCNG8-1	-35.6768	34.8084	2824	3.22	5.4	5	63.7	4	0.88	56.3	54.8	7.6
profile 28E												
OCNG9-1	-35.8022	34.7552	2889	3.19	4.4	6	22.9	6	0.85	19.6	18.2	5.5
OCNG9-2a	-35.7869	34.7519	2919	3.19	4.6	6	24.8	6	0.87	21.7	28.2	8.0
OCNG9-3	-35.7712	34.7490	2928	3.19	3.7	6	22.9	6	0.88	20.0	23.5	1.1
OCNG9-4	-35.7551	34.7460	2929	3.19	5.0	6	30.2	6	0.84	25.5	30.8	2.3
OCNG9-5	-35.7382	34.7428	2931	3.19	12.4	6	34.0	6	0.88	29.8	34.5	14.1
OCNG9-6	-35.7237	34.7402	2934	3.19	8.3	6	47.8	6	0.89	42.4	51.3	5.0
OCNG9-7	-35.6787	34.7317	2896	3.19	21.9	5	50.0	5	1.01	50.7	55.3	11.2
OCNG9-8	-35.6595	34.7282	2847	3.22	11.5	5	60.1	5	0.92	55.1	53.3	13.3
OCNG9-9	-35.5300	34.7035	2749	3.20	5.3	5	66.2	5	0.87	57.7	59.5	13.8
OCNG9-10	-35.5133	34.7000	2759	3.20	18.0	5	49.1	5	0.89	43.6	35.5	10.8
OCNG9-11	-35.4967	34.6972	2735	3.19	8.7	5	55.7	4	0.93	51.9	52.4	7.3
OCNG9-12	-35.4798	34.6942	2743	3.20	7.9	6	66.6	6	0.98	65.1	63.2	9.8
OCNG9-13	-35.4628	34.6906	2591	3.22	11.4	6	56.4	6	0.99	55.9	76.9	14.0
OCNG9-14	-35.4459	34.6880	2612	3.22	19.8	5	35.9	5	1.08	38.8	48.0	4.1
OCNG9-15	-35.4288	34.6843	2564	3.22	7.8	5	45.7	5	0.95	43.3	57.8	9.2
OCNG9-16	-35.2699	34.6543	2687	3.18	5.2	5	31.1	5	0.89	27.5	28.5	6.2
OCNG9-17	-35.2530	34.6511	2723	3.16	4.9	4	116.9	4	0.91	106.0	117.8	11.6
OCNG9-18	-35.2360	34.6476	2712	3.14	4.4	4	119.9	4	0.99	118.6	130.6	9.6
OCNG9-19	-35.1813	34.6371	2702	3.14	21.5	3	41.9	2	1.10	46.1	60.9	28.3
OCNG9-20	-35.1687	34.6348	2755	3.11	8.7	6	43.0	6	0.96	41.2	59.4	4.5
OCNG9-21	-35.1557	34.6325	2766	3.10	8.7	3	77.5	3	1.15	89.4	85.2	9.9

Site	long	lat	Z	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$\mathrm{n}\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
KT20	-34.9709	34.5974	2385	3.16	8.8	3	61.6	0	0.92	56.7	77.4	18.5
profile 23E												
OCNG11-11	-34.9350	34.9766	3137	2.83	11.3	4	182.5	3	0.98	178.3	181.1	33.7
OCNG11-10a	-34.9547	34.9803	3158	2.83	6.1	4	107.8	3	0.96	102.9	140.9	31.6
OCNG11-9	-34.9841	34.9862	3476	2.80	5.9	6	225.8	6	0.87	196.4	201.0	9.1
OCNG11-8	-35.0112	34.9911	3215	2.86	24.8	5	107.2	2	0.96	102.8	109.7	15.7
OCNG11-7	-35.0615	35.0007	3281	2.83	5.9	3	121.9	3	0.98	119.0	140.4	14.1
profile 24E												
KT23	-35.5915	35.0232	2224	3.73	3.9	5	134.1	4	0.83	110.7	111.4	11.3
OCNG10-1	-35.4159	34.9900	2878	3.11	11.3	3	141.8	2	1.01	143.6	141.2	125.8
KT24	-35.4159	34.9901	2879	3.01	2.8	5	141.8	3	0.93	131.2	128.4	5.1
KT25	-35.4026	34.9877	2833	3.02	6.4	5	126.5	5	0.91	115.6	118.0	33.6
OCNG11-3	-35.3692	34.9811	2586	3.09	6.7	5	92.9	4	1.08	100.3	141.9	9.0
OCNG11-4	-35.2862	34.9657	2913	2.93	4.9	5	61.8	5	0.86	53.0	71.3	5.3
OCNG11-5	-35.2272	34.9547	2946	3.08	4.9	5	23.9	4	0.93	22.1	26.6	7.4
OCNG11-6a	-35.2105	34.9515	2894	3.00	7.5	5	36.4	4	1.03	37.3	48.3	11.0
KT28	-35.0236	34.9163	2675	3.05	2.1	4	111.6	3	1.08	120.0	109.4	9.7
KT14	-34.7277	34.8601	2289	3.49	1.3	3	7.3	1	0.95	6.9	38.3	8.2

profile 25E

... table 2 continuing...

Site	long	lat	Z	Tw	tilt	nT	G	$\mathrm{n}\lambda$	λ	UHF	CTHF	$\sigma \mathrm{HF}$
	a. <b>-</b> a a a		2200	0.40		0	101 -		1.05		1010	
KT15	-34.7200	34.7957	2399	3.40	3.3	3	121.7	1	1.05	127.5	124.9	34.5
KT31	-34.7201	34.7954	2400	3.45	17.9	3	171.0	0	1.00	171.0	166.2	61.3
KT27	-35.0748	34.8488	2463	3.35	4.2	3	37.9	2	0.97	36.7	48.9	12.7
OCNG12-6	-35.2429	34.8806	2960	3.06	11.6	5	60.5	5	0.91	55.0	56.9	4.6
OCNG12-5	-35.2587	34.8840	2953	3.08	9.6	6	26.0	6	0.87	22.5	31.4	2.4
OCNG12-4	-35.2386	34.9181	2957	3.08	8.1	4	30.8	3	0.91	28.1	4.1	8.1
OCNG12-3	-35.3199	34.8950	2662	3.14	20.7	4	68.1	3	0.94	63.7	64.9	16.9
OCNG12-2	-35.3329	34.8977	2691	3.10	24.4	4	59.0	3	0.99	58.5	60.6	10.5
OCNG12-1	-35.3498	34.9013	2691	3.16	8.0	6	81.2	5	1.09	88.2	76.8	8.2
KT22	-35.5261	34.9344	2370	3.48	4.4	3	33.7	3	0.84	28.3	39.1	4.5
OCNG12-7	-35.2735	34.8431	2980	3.08	8.5	6	58.5	6	0.87	51.0	53.3	3.4
KT29	-34.9880	34.9513	3219	2.91	4.6	3	177.3	0	1.00	177.3	183.0	57.0

	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\mathbf{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	pН
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	
KT1-1	10	559.0	27.97	479.0	10.34	10.81	53.24	5.267	79.73	816.9	25.67	443.5	0.84	
KT1-2	20	550.2	27.75	475.4	10.92	10.31	52.76							7.86
KT1-3	30	567.7	28.48	485.2	10.89	10.52	54.10	5.199	80.90	829.3	31.13	434.6	0.80	7.78
KT1-4	40	550.5	28.03	473.6	0.00	10.62	52.58							7.81
KT1-5	50	549.2	27.91	468.5	10.97	10.27	52.57	5.161	83.80	802.4	23.05	438.1	5.69	7.87
KT1-6	60	549.6	28.11	478.0	9.58	9.22	50.84	5.172	83.85	804.6	23.13	432.6	13.92	7.76
KT1-8	80	560.2	28.56	471.0	0.00	10.64	52.87							7.75
KT1-10	100	552.5	27.96	471.3	10.99	10.42	52.91	5.229	85.04	806.4	22.98	438.0	33.19	7.72
KT1-11	130	554.7	27.95	473.9	10.85	10.37	53.15	5.171	84.71	810.6	22.79	437.7	40.04	7.73
KT1-12	170	560.9	28.24	478.8	11.31	10.44	53.55	5.178	85.92	818.8	22.96	444.1	46.93	7.70
KT1-13	210	571.0	28.61	487.6	11.35	10.58	54.51	5.161	87.40	835.0	23.39	450.9	51.76	7.64
KT1-14	250	557.3	27.79	475.5	10.82	10.24	53.17	5.159	86.70	811.9	23.04	445.1	56.15	7.67
KT1-15	290	565.5	28.27	481.5	11.32	10.42	53.79	5.158	87.68	820.0	22.77	442.0	55.87	7.68

Table 3: Table of pore water concentrations.

	Depth (cm)	Cl mmol/kg	SO4 mmol/kg	Na mmol/kg	K mmol/kg	Ca mmol/kg	Mg mmol/kg	Ba $\mu mol/kg$	$ m Sr$ $\mu  m mol/kg$	Br nmol/kg	Li $\mu mol/kg$	$_{ m B}$ $\mu { m mol/kg}$	${ m Mn}\ \mu{ m mol/kg}$	pН
KT1-16	330	556.1	28.01	477.2	0.00	11.19	54.07	5.171	89.02	539.7	23.14	449.1	56.20	7.63
KT1-17	370	553.0	27.50	475.3	10.48	9.47	51.61	5.161	89.10	807.9	23.31	454.3	58.94	7.70
KT1-18	400	554.0	27.23	472.3	10.74	10.01	52.82	5.162	87.62	811.0	23.41	453.4	60.62	7.69
KT3-1	10	553.6	27.53	474.7	10.53	10.33	53.58	0.261	95.00	887.3	28.19	506.0	0.11	
KT3-4	40	559.9	28.13	480.2	10.68	11.11	53.95	0.253	145.40	893.2	28.11	477.3	0.13	7.38
KT3-7	70	549.7	27.56	471.6	10.35	11.16	52.90	0.251	168.31	892.5	26.16	491.4	0.29	
KT3-10	100	551.5	27.65	472.9	10.52	11.13	52.83	0.248	171.13	887.6	24.73	472.6	0.30	
KT3-11	130	550.0	27.52	471.6	10.33	11.03	52.64	0.239	183.17	883.0	25.06	476.3	0.16	
KT3-12	170	551.5	27.65	473.6	12.13	11.15	51.61	0.238	198.32	875.6	27.13	478.2	0.07	
KT3-13	210	550.8	27.40	472.5	10.57	11.26	52.34	0.254	198.71	885.6	23.13	485.8	1.38	
KT3-14	250	545.4	26.74	467.9	10.91	11.20	51.35	0.242	206.73	877.3	22.59	510.9	6.41	
KT3-15	290	594.7	28.84	504.5	12.33	14.31	55.53	0.306	233.37	935.5	23.58	544.9	11.84	
KT3-16	330	570.6	27.93	489.7	11.63	11.46	53.51	0.242	218.65	909.6	21.32	537.5	9.49	

	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\mathbf{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	$\mathrm{pH}$
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	
KT3-17	370	546.8	27.66	469.6	10.73	10.80	52.56	0.244	164.43	857.9	24.31	464.1	7.48	
KT3-18	410	549.6	27.52	470.9	10.77	11.20	52.48	0.257	189.64	861.0	24.67	486.9	9.97	7.43
KT3-19	440	580.9	27.94	491.2	12.18	12.17	54.43	0.283	245.19	908.0	22.24	524.3	9.87	
KT4-1	10	550.8	27.64	468.6	10.18	10.52	52.98	5.181	87.66	798.5	25.73	450.9	0.90	7.48
KT4-2	20	556.7	28.24	468.0	10.84		52.95							7.56
KT4-3	30	558.7	28.06	475.8	10.74	10.73	53.59	5.162	87.92	818.6	25.35	447.9	0.82	7.54
KT4-4	40	554.8	28.07											7.54
KT4-5	50	549.9	27.42	469.5	10.14	10.37	52.65	5.151	86.59	806.0	25.20	441.8	0.82	7.50
KT4-6	60	563.8	28.19	484.0	11.00	10.33	54.72	5.143	87.37	888.0	25.88	451.6	0.84	
KT4-7	70	548.7	27.57	471.0	10.70	10.06	53.30	5.145	88.18	867.3	26.30	457.8	0.82	7.65
KT4-8	80	548.1	27.47	470.6	10.66	10.02	53.22	5.146	88.95	862.0	26.21	454.6	0.84	
KT4-9	90							5.136	93.67		28.07	471.7	0.93	
KT4-10	100	551.8	28.14	473.5	11.01	10.41	53.62	5.136	90.92	864.8	25.47	449.4	0.80	

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	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\mathbf{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	pН
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	
KT4-12	170	546.3	27.28	469.0	10.61	9.98	53.08	5.131	90.10	853.3	26.37	451.9	0.83	
KT4-13	210	554.8	27.50	475.9	10.53	10.03	53.87	5.119	89.39	876.9	25.04	441.8	0.92	
KT5-1	10	560.3	28.08	481.4	11.09	10.66	53.99	0.272	88.59	895.6	27.97	479.7	0.06	
KT5-4	40	550.1	27.85	473.2	11.56	10.43	52.82	0.295	93.85	875.0	25.65	507.7	3.87	
KT5-7	70	555.9	27.92	477.3	11.33	10.52	53.47	0.292	96.96	888.6	25.53	499.2	12.21	
KT5-10	100	550.8	27.59	473.3	11.15	10.38	53.01	0.283	92.49	881.8	25.60	511.2	18.81	
KT5-11	130	544.2	27.21	467.5	10.95	10.21	52.39	0.273	93.78	868.2	24.66	506.6	26.89	
KT5-12	170	548.1	27.50	471.0	11.70	10.11	52.45	0.269	94.61	875.0	24.77	512.4	30.68	
KT5-13	210	549.9	27.34	472.1	11.04	10.17	52.59	0.254	95.88	882.3	24.39	492.4	35.67	7.59
KT5-14	250	545.9	27.03	468.7	10.84	10.11	52.40	0.245	99.60	872.0	25.91	494.4	38.47	
KT5-15	290	549.1	27.09	471.4	10.65	10.13	52.74	0.249	102.45	880.3	25.27	493.0	39.36	
KT5-16	330	549.2	27.07	471.9	10.77	10.11	52.76	0.224	98.29	886.8	25.12	485.3	35.45	
KT5-17	370	553.7	27.53	475.5	11.90	10.12	53.03	0.230	104.94	894.2	25.68	522.5	31.77	

	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\operatorname{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	$\mathrm{pH}$
	$(\mathrm{cm})$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	
KT5-18	400	549.3	27.27	471.8	11.47	10.14	52.51	0.243	103.00	884.0	23.88	499.1	32.46	
KT6-1	10	544.9	27.21	468.3	10.22	9.96	52.64	0.284	94.01	862.8	29.75	528.9	0.02	
KT6-4	40	550.2	27.53	473.2	10.78	10.27	52.73	0.276	95.19	876.2	45.56	512.5	0.01	
KT6-7	70	537.6	27.14	462.4	11.07	10.08	51.68	0.271	94.41	850.7	31.64	494.3	0.35	7.66
KT6-10	100	541.9	27.42	465.5	11.42	10.28	52.02	0.299	97.14	863.9	25.87	523.8	5.77	
KT6-11	130	547.1	27.68	470.2	11.81	10.37	52.39	0.287	96.27	868.1	25.73	518.4	12.06	
KT6-12	170	545.5	27.46	468.4	10.97	10.24	52.44	0.281	98.53	866.7	26.19	512.3	21.47	
KT6-13	210	546.0	27.33	468.4	11.10	10.23	52.52	0.266	97.66	867.6	25.86	507.1	28.23	7.67
KT6-14	250	546.5	27.32	469.5	11.27	10.18	52.39	0.259	99.85	869.3	25.62	514.3	33.47	
KT6-15	290	547.7	27.41	470.8	11.14	10.20	52.55	0.260	101.46	873.4	25.78	514.4	35.88	
KT6-16	330	547.4	26.93	470.6	10.49	10.06	52.74	0.246	105.10	868.6	25.62	505.5	38.54	
KT6-17	370	545.9	26.94	469.2	10.72	10.04	52.45	0.246	104.55	870.6	26.44	512.3	38.34	
KT6-18	410	547.2	26.96	470.1	10.68	10.05	52.49	0.232	105.73	869.9	26.29	500.6	36.88	

	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\mathbf{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	рН
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	
KT6-19	440	545.9	27.05	468.4	11.07	10.06	52.29	0.238	104.61	878.4	24.39	492.6	34.83	
KT7-2	20	552.2	27.92	473.5	11.28	10.40	53.15	0.277	92.81	845.5	29.83	477.7	0.10	
KT7-3	30							0.282	90.76		24.96	464.5	5.74	
KT7-4	40	547.5	27.67	468.7	11.05	10.41	52.79			841.8				
KT7-7	70	573.5	28.90	491.1	11.57	10.82	55.22	0.230	76.00	879.3	21.95	407.5	17.01	7.73
KT7-10	100	547.2	27.49	468.3	10.96	10.37	52.66	0.162	61.45	835.7	17.36	337.5	19.66	
KT7-11	130	549.4	27.59	470.6	10.98	10.32	53.02	0.191	80.35	840.0	21.85	427.2	29.64	
KT7-12	170	545.1	27.52	466.4	11.29	10.28	52.28	0.262	94.23	827.2	24.21	486.1	34.82	
KT7-13	210	546.2	27.08	466.8	10.50	10.07	52.43	0.263	98.08	830.9	25.81	504.7	40.03	
KT7-14	250	546.5	27.10	467.4	10.53	10.08	52.58	0.268	103.58	827.4	27.41	527.5	42.04	
KT7-15	290	540.5	26.65	461.9	10.72	10.14	51.88	0.237	92.99	815.8	25.00	491.8	37.15	
KT7-16	330	546.8	27.29	468.5	11.09	10.21	52.47	0.259	99.07	828.6	24.73	504.3	37.90	
KT7-17	370	547.8	27.35	467.9	11.33	10.26	52.33	0.254	103.02	816.9	24.29	512.1	37.13	7.6

	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\mathbf{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	pН
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	
KT9-1	10	555.4	27.82	474.6	10.34	10.23	53.63	0.234	74.71	830.2	23.53	434.4	0.74	
KT9-4	40	552.4	27.77	472.0	12.05	10.30	52.72	0.251	83.84	821.8	24.38	459.1	0.70	
KT9-7	70	546.4	27.21	466.9	11.09	10.22	52.30	0.247	84.30	809.3	24.30	443.9	0.58	
KT9-10	100	563.4	27.88	482.1	11.16	10.55	53.35	0.243	84.62	827.5	23.74	450.2	0.90	7.6
KT9-11	130	602.1	29.84	514.5	11.52	11.09	57.93	0.230	84.87	898.7	23.68	442.7	0.97	
KT9-12	170	549.5	27.30	469.3	10.33	10.05	52.96	0.230	91.19	816.3	23.96	471.1	3.22	
KT9-13	210	548.6	27.59	468.5	10.97	10.23	52.70	0.240	95.70	807.6	23.60	448.6	6.26	7.74
KT9-14	250	549.7	27.21	468.8	10.56	10.12	52.68	0.301	90.61	812.7	23.81	460.2	10.13	
KT9-15	290	550.2	27.38	469.4	10.59	10.31	52.80	0.234	91.27	809.2	23.08	463.6	15.31	
KT11-2	20	555.4	28.10	475.1	11.02	10.35	53.62	0.270	91.70	839.0	26.90	498.6	0.27	
KT11-4	40	549.8	27.63	469.7	10.64	10.16	53.11	0.251	84.26	825.9	25.87	461.9	0.18	
KT11-7	70	558.9	28.23	477.7	11.23	10.41	53.92	0.257	88.58	838.9	27.78	488.2	0.13	
KT11-10	100	550.0	27.46	470.6	10.89	10.06	53.01	0.250	85.33	831.2	25.82	466.2	0.24	7.74

	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\mathbf{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	pН
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu \rm{mol/kg}$	
KT11-11	130	549.4	27.40	469.7	10.35	10.09	53.15	0.260	88.00	832.0	26.80	475.6	0.46	
KT11-12	170	551.6	27.72	471.8	11.52	10.15	52.41	0.244	84.15	827.9	24.02	459.5	2.16	
KT11-13	210	552.6	27.91	472.2	11.11	10.23	53.26	0.247	89.17	836.6	24.21	476.7	4.47	7.7
KT11-14	250	545.8	27.36	466.4	10.58	10.08	52.77	0.246	88.17	823.1	24.25	462.8	6.35	
KT11-16	320	549.3	27.31	469.5	10.47	10.00	53.08	0.246	87.50	827.3	24.60	470.3	9.28	
KT11-17	350	731.4	36.92	628.4	14.39	13.50	70.73	0.224	83.34	1103.2	23.10	448.3	9.23	
KT11-18	380	555.3	27.38	473.9	10.73	10.03	53.42	0.217	81.30	826.3	23.24	434.5	9.57	
KT12-2	20	549.0	27.66	471.1	10.96	10.13	52.95	5.159	83.33	864.6	30.33	428.4	0.80	
KT12-6	60	545.2	27.77	468.4	11.15	10.20	52.47	5.181	85.72	857.4	22.70	440.6	4.00	
KT12-10	100	547.9	28.06	472.7	11.11	9.98	52.26	5.176	86.78	854.5	22.97	440.3	12.07	7.74
KT12-11	130	553.3	28.14	474.7	11.29	10.37	53.45	5.161	84.54	863.6	22.64	424.3	16.63	
KT12-12	170	550.7	27.86	472.5	11.13	10.27	53.18	5.166	85.48	864.3	22.80	429.8	22.83	
KT12-13	210	550.8	27.88	472.5	11.19	10.30	53.22	5.160	86.11	867.3	23.09	436.9	27.41	

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	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	K	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\operatorname{Sr}$	Br	Li	В	Mn	рН
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu \rm{mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	
KT12-14	250	552.8	27.83	474.6	11.03	10.44	53.41	5.143	83.60	868.1	22.22	428.0	30.41	
KT12-15	290	549.0	27.92	471.7	11.36	10.36	53.01	5.155	86.29	868.2	22.64	426.6	32.00	7.66
KT12-16	330	548.2	27.64	470.6	11.09	10.58	52.72	5.148	85.82	864.3	23.14	435.6	34.23	
KT12-17	370	547.9	27.22	470.5	10.79	10.09	52.95	5.141	86.62	865.8	23.79	437.7	35.34	
KT12-18	410	555.6	27.57	476.7	11.01	10.16	53.56	5.133	84.51	884.1	22.88	428.6	33.61	
KT12-19	430	552.7	27.54	473.3	11.14	10.36	53.08	5.131	84.62	861.3	22.74	428.7	32.88	
KT15-1	10	553.8	27.99	475.0	10.54	10.23	53.76	5.189	91.63	864.3	27.48	467.9	2.61	
KT15-3	30	558.7	27.85	481.7	10.49	9.68	53.44	5.141	86.54	859.1	27.39	454.0	0.84	
KT15-5	50	552.7	27.36	474.1	10.63	9.86	53.46	5.123	84.06	866.3	32.75	443.4	0.93	7.8
KT15-7	70	548.4	27.34	470.6	10.84	9.89	53.05	5.126	87.38	856.6	26.07	462.7	1.07	
KT15-9	90	549.1	27.06	470.8	10.62	9.79	53.13	5.115	85.24	859.7	25.78	461.2	1.30	
KT15-10	100	554.3	27.28	474.1	10.55	9.83	53.52	5.128	85.99	868.3	25.11	454.1	1.44	
KT15-11	120	552.9	27.33					5.118	84.84		24.79	439.8	0.86	7.72

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	Depth (cm)	Cl mmol/kg	SO4 mmol/kg	Na mmol/kg	K mmol/kg	Ca mmol/kg	Mg mmol/kg	${ m Ba}\ \mu{ m mol/kg}$	$ m Sr$ $\mu  m mol/kg$	Br nmol/kg	Li $\mu$ mol/kg	$ m B$ $\mu mol/kg$	$Mn$ $\mu mol/kg$	pН
KT15-12	170	554.3	27.44	475.6	10.59	9.92	53.74			869.8				
KT19-1	10	549.7	27.73	472.0	10.55	9.91	53.36	5.129	85.30	856.7	25.34	441.8	0.86	
KT19-2	20	550.8		472.2		9.92								7.6
KT19-3	30	567.2	28.08	486.6	11.93	10.18	54.69	5.134	83.59	883.3	25.29	442.2	0.90	
KT19-4	40	558.9	27.65		10.78									
KT19-5	50							5.123	83.56		25.07	431.1	0.81	
KT19-6	60	548.0	27.12	470.0	10.49	9.80	53.19	5.130	83.49	860.4	24.88	438.8	0.89	
KT19-7	75	550.4	27.17	472.3	10.51	9.83	53.36	5.123	82.98	864.8	24.47	439.2	0.79	
KT19-8	85	551.9	27.22	473.0				5.128	82.41		24.35	432.1	0.82	
KT19-9	95			467.8		9.81								
KT19-10	105	538.5	26.64	461.7	10.34	9.62	52.24	5.109	82.40	852.3	24.29	430.0	0.83	7.67
KT23-1	10	553.1	27.90	474.5	10.50	10.24	53.69	5.161	90.01	872.5	26.27	460.9	0.82	
KT23-2	20						53.40							

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	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	Ca	Mg	Ba	$\operatorname{Sr}$	$\operatorname{Br}$	Li	В	Mn	pН
	(cm)	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mathrm{mmol/kg}$	$\mu {\rm mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mathrm{nmol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	
KT23-3	30	547.5	28.00	469.7	10.34	10.39	53.38	5.130	93.36	860.5	25.73	438.7	1.56	
KT23-6	60	545.2	27.66	467.9	10.96	10.22	52.67	5.167	92.38	858.5	25.77	449.2	0.95	
KT23-8	80							5.152	90.89		23.95	436.9	0.86	
KT23-9	90							5.168	94.38		24.69	442.0	0.81	7.81
KT23-10	100	547.6	27.67	469.7	10.82	10.18	52.79	5.154	93.46	864.3	26.26	442.2	0.84	
KT23-11	130	550.6	27.78	472.4	10.67	10.28	53.25	5.147	96.43	863.4	23.72	436.5	7.04	
KT23-12	170	549.4	27.65	471.6	11.05	10.18	52.83	5.165	97.97	868.0	24.35	443.2	12.47	
KT23-13	210	560.8	28.08	480.7	11.04	10.50	54.01	5.094	97.29	884.3	24.31	442.5	15.52	7.78
KT23-14	250	563.6	28.22	483.4	11.23	10.34	54.31	5.082	99.55	890.8	24.70	437.5	11.93	
KT31-1	10	546.7	27.36	466.4	10.32	10.09	52.84	0.221	89.49	806.2	27.46	497.4	0.13	7.53
KT31-4	40	550.9	27.24	469.9	10.09	9.86	53.30	0.224	89.81	813.4	27.87	505.4	0.11	
KT31-7	70	540.3	26.63	460.4	9.94	9.71	52.23	0.219	88.03	791.3	27.52	494.0	0.17	
KT31-10	100	547.4	27.34	466.5	10.22	10.03	52.93	0.211	89.35	802.1	26.72	496.9	0.04	7.56

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	Depth	Cl	SO4	Na	Κ	$\operatorname{Ca}$	Mg	Ba	Sr	Br	Li	В	Mn	pН
	(cm)	mmol/kg	mmol/kg	mmol/kg	mmol/kg	mmol/kg	mmol/kg	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	nmol/kg	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	$\mu { m mol/kg}$	
KT31-11	130	547.1	27.04	466.6	10.09	9.95	52.85	0.212	88.73	803.3	27.92	497.7	0.06	