

1 **Supporting information for the manuscript entitled;**

2 **Simultaneous ex-situ CO₂ mineral sequestration and H₂ production from New**
3 **Caledonian mine tailings**

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9 **Gas phase data**

10 S1.The composition of gas phase of MT1 experiment conducted at 473 K and 15 MPa.

MT1					
Duration	H2	CH4	CO2	N2	O2
(days)	(µmols/g)	(µmols/g)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)
0.1	4.54	-	94.6	0.24	0.04
0.9	1.44	-	94.0	3.84	0.99
1.8	1.35	-	91.0	7.98	2.02
2.8	4.76	-	106.8	-	-
5.8	6.62	-	113.8	0.24	0.04
7.8	5.94	-	119.1	-	-
8.8	8.42	-	127.0	-	-
9.8	8.01	0.17	130.9	-	-
13.0	0.21	-	136.4	-	-
13.8	6.11	0.24	143.0	-	-
16.0	16.92	0.23	149.3	-	-
20.0	15.20	0.27	154.1	-	-
22.8	17.87	-	159.8	-	-
23.8	19.99	-	165.9	0.05	-

12 S2. The composition of gas phase of MT2 experiment conducted at 523 K and 30 MPa.

MT2									
Duration	H2	CH4	CO2	N2	O2	C2H6	C3H8	iC4H10	nC4H11
(days)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)
0.00	0.00	0.00	179.13	0.13	0.02	-	-	-	-
0.69	0.00	0.43	184.38	0.18	-	-	-	-	-
0.96	0.00	5.71	189.23	0.18	-	-	-	-	-
1.71	0.00	0.44	195.42	0.18	-	-	-	-	-
1.96	3.48	0.21	200.97	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.68	2.79	0.22	206.68	0.17	0.19	-	-	-	-
5.88	5.64	0.65	211.31	0.29	0.03	-	-	-	-
6.68	7.67	1.44	215.93	0.61	0.11	-	-	-	-
7.72	6.52	0.76	228.60	0.46	0.04	-	-	-	-
8.92	8.37	0.75	228.11	0.23	-	-	-	-	-
11.71	43.67	4.82	231.46	0.24	-	0.41	0.59	0.04	1.27
13.71	47.75	12.33	228.82	6.52	1.46	4.01	1.93	0.36	2.23
14.71	37.48	3.59	242.22	0.25	-	-	0.38	0.03	0.72
18.71	53.80	2.56	247.42	0.40	0.04	-	0.42	-	0.67
20.75	117.57	5.94	253.49	0.64	0.09	-	0.58	0.03	0.99
22.75	58.49	1.41	258.83	-	-	-	-	-	-
25.76	76.69	2.00	263.83	-	-	-	-	-	-

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16 S3.The composition of gas phase of MT4 experiment conducted at 573 K and 30 MPa.

MT4									
Duration	H2	CH4	CO2	N2	O2	C2H6	C3H8	iC4H10	nC4H11
(days)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)
0	0.00	0.10	183.56	0.38	0.10	-	-	-	-
0.76	116.17	9.93	146.34	0.78	0.15	-	0.82	-	1.89
1.13	106.77	11.32	147.27	4.92	1.14	-	1.95	0.09	2.89
1.80	0.00	0.47	200.07	2.47	0.47	-	-	-	-
2.85	186.29	26.19	138.04	22.60	-	3.70	10.72	0.60	11.08
4.04	0.00	1.76	208.04	3.71	0.93	-	-	-	-
6.83	145.06	1.73	219.28	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.83	283.50	1.22	226.74	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.88	35.97	8.47	230.83	1.40	0.17	0.79	2.12	0.10	2.87
13.83	73.78	5.85	238.71	0.20	0.02	-	0.45	0.04	1.40
15.88	41.76	4.72	245.09	0.15	0.01	-	0.37	0.30	0.73
17.88	48.17	5.49	249.76	0.16	0.01	-	-	0.19	0.71
20.88	21.94	1.88	245.44	-	-	-	-	-	-
24.01	41.18	24.14	247.30	0.50	0.12	8.16	16.95	0.74	14.76

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21 S4. The composition of gas phase of MT2b experiment conducted at 523 K and 30 MPa. This is a blank experiment conducted at similar PT
22 conditions in comparison with MT2, without introducing mine tailings in the reactor (due to technical difficulties, CO₂ was not readjusted after
23 the first sampling).

MT2b									
Duration	H₂	CH₄	CO₂	N₂	O₂	C₂H₆	C₃H₈	iC₄H₁₀	nC₄H₁₁
(days)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)
7.21	-	0.15	280.94	0.10	-	-	-	-	-
19.17	-	2.42	192.34	0.19	0.03	1.67	7.28	0.81	12.16
24.17	-	3.81	197.10	0.20	0.02	2.05	8.37	1.17	16.95

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30 S5.The composition of gas phase of MT4b experiment conducted at 573 K and 30 MPa. This is a blank experiment without reactants in order to
31 monitor H₂ and CH₄ concentrations. It was conducted at similar PT conditions in comparison with MT4, without introducing mine tailings in the
32 reactor (due to technical difficulties, CO₂ was not readjusted after the first sampling).

MT4b									
Duration	H₂	CH₄	CO₂	N₂	O₂	C₂H₆	C₃H₈	iC₄H₁₀	nC₄H₁₁
(days)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	(mmols/g)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)	($\mu\text{mols/g}$)
7.21	-	7.44	280.58	-	-	2.51	6.02	0.30	7.30
19.17	-	7.76	191.52	0.33	0.16	6.72	26.92	3.55	52.42
24.17	-	7.49	195.13	0.29	0.13	4.29	13.39	1.84	28.87

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34 **Quantification of secondary phases**

35 **S6. Calculation of carbonate yield**

36 The quantification of carbonate phases using Rock-Eval 6 (Behar et al., 2001) involves
37 pyrolysis and oxidation of ~40 mg of sample in an inert gas flow above 400 °C and oxidation
38 at temperatures between 650°C–850°C. The gaseous CO₂ produced during the pyrolysis and
39 oxidation cycles is analyzed by an infra-red analyzer (eg; S3' peak and S5 peak respectively)
40 in online mode and the peak areas of S3' and S5 peaks are used to calculate the percent
41 weight of carbonate according to the equations,

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43 PyroMinC (wt.%)= [[S3'^* 12/44]+[S3'CO/2]*12/28]/10

44 OxiMinC (wt.%)= [S5*12/44]/10

45 The amount of total mineral carbon (MinC) in the sample is obtained by the addition of
46 weight percent (wt.%) of mineral carbon produced from pyrolysis cycle (PyroMinC) and
47 oxidation cycle (OxyMinC) as below,

48 MinC (wt.%) = PyoMinC + OxyMinC

49 wt% Carbonate = MinC x(M_{carbonate} / M_{carbon}) , where the molar mass of carbon is 12 g/mol the
50 molar mass of carbonates is :

51 - for MT1 M ((Mg_{0.92}Fe_{0.08})CO₃) = 86.8 g/mol

52 - for MT2 M ((Mg_{0.58}Fe_{0.42})CO₃) = 97.53 g/mol

53 - for MT4 M ((Mg_{0.83}Fe_{0.17})CO₃) = 89.7 g/mol

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	MinC	M_{carbonate} g/mol	wt% Carbonate	m Carbonate g/kg	n Carbonate mol/kg	n CO₂ mol/kg	m CO₂ g/kg
MT1	2.8	86.8	20.3%	225.7	2.60	2.60	114.4
MT2	6.62	97.5	53.8%	710.5	7.28	7.28	320.5
MT4	2.89	89.7	21.6%	241.6	2.69	2.69	118.5

56 Calculations for the amount of CO₂ trapped can be performed as follows :

$$m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = \frac{M_{CO_2}}{M_{carbonate}} \times m_{carbonate}$$

$$m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = \frac{M_{CO_2}}{M_{carbonate}} \times (wt\%_{carbonate} \times m_{run products})$$

$$m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = \frac{M_{CO_2}}{M_{carbonate}} \times wt\%_{carbonate} \times (m_{0 \text{ mine tailings}} + m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}})$$

57 e.g. for MT2 : $m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = \frac{44}{97.53} \times 53.8 \% \times (2 \text{ g} + m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}})$

$$m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = 0.485 \text{ g} + (0.243 \times m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}})$$

$$m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = 0.485 \text{ g} + (0.243 \times m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}})$$

$$m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = 0.641 \text{ g for } 2 \text{ g of mine tailings}$$

$$m_{CO_2 \text{ trapped}} = 320 \text{ g for } 1 \text{ kg of mine tailings}$$

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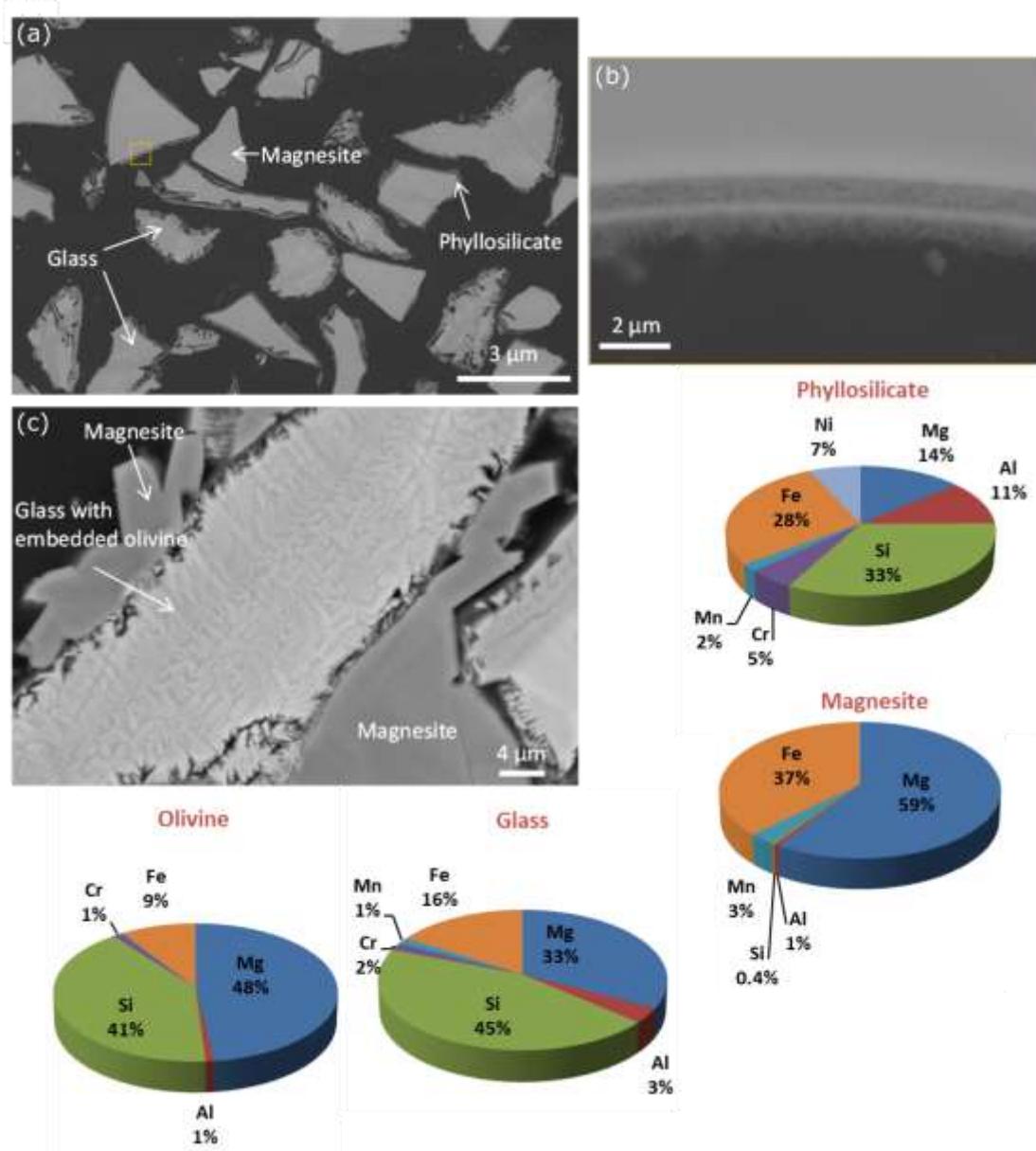
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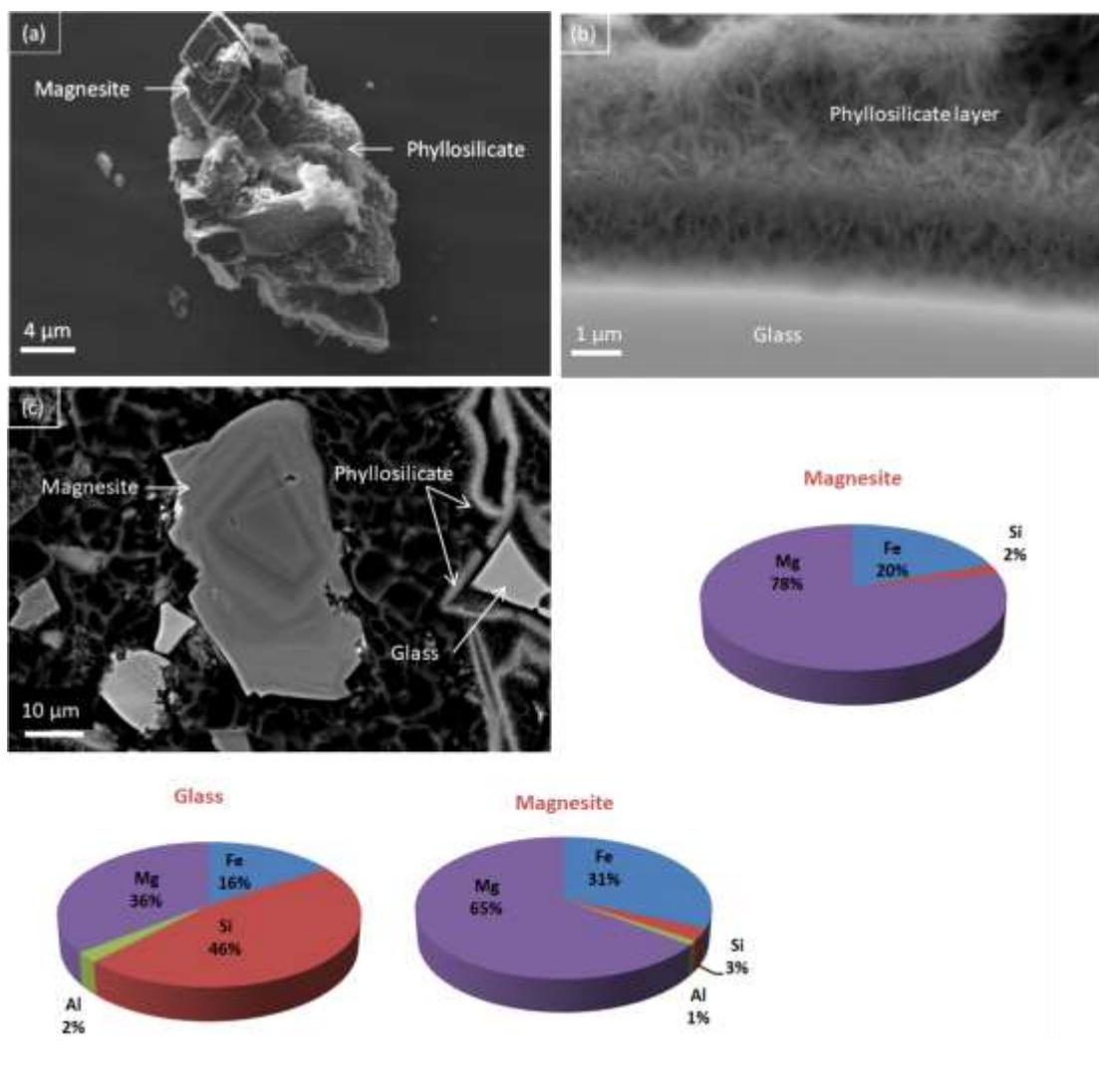
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64 **SEM analysis on reaction products**

65 **S7.** SEM images of the ionically polished sections of experimental product at T = 473 K and P
 66 = 15 MPa showing large anhedral magnesite crystals grown around glass (gl) and olivine (ol).
 67 Secondary phyllosilicates (phy) layers around glass. (b) magnified image of yellow square
 68 marked on (a); (c) glass altered into magnesite; The chemical composition of phyllosilicate,
 69 magnesite, olivine and glass analyzed by SEM-EDX are shown in the pie charts.



71 **S8.** SEM images of the ionically polished sections of experimental product at T = 523 K and P =
72 30 MPa showing euhedral magnesite crystals and secondary phyllosilicates. (b) a magnified view
73 of phyllosilicate (c) SEM image of a polished section of the products showing magnesite with
74 zoning. The chemical composition obtained by SEM EDX analysis is shown in pie charts.

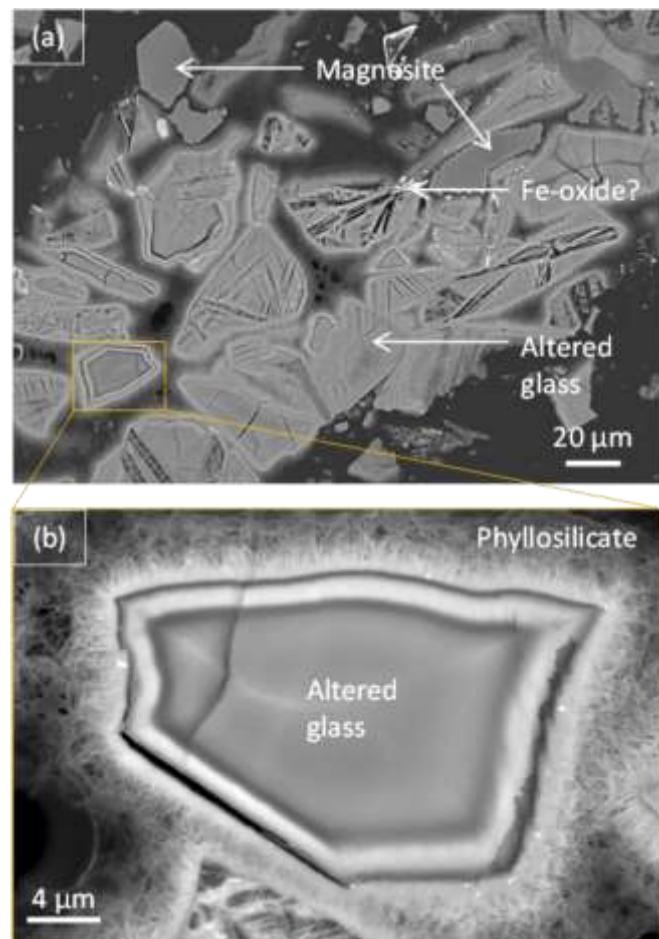


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78 S9. SEM images of the ionically polished sections of experimental product at T = 573 K and P =
79 30 MPa, showing anhedral magnesite formed around glass, and heavily altered glass with thick
80 layers of phyllosilicate.



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86 **S10.** FIB –TEM analysis

87 Ultra-thin, electron transparent (<200 nm) sections of each solid reaction product was prepared
 88 by performing FIB milling at IPGP and also at Institute of Electronics, Microelectronics and
 89 Nanotechnology (IEMN), Lille using a gallium (Ga) beam. These sections which are thinned
 90 down to electron transparency (<200 nm) were then analyzed using transmission electron
 91 microscopy (TEM). For this study, we only used the composition of magnesite obtained by the
 92 TEM-EDX analysis, and the detailed mineralogical analysis of other phases, in order to
 93 understand the mineral-water interactions, is still on going.

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95 **S11.** Calculation of maximum carbonation of mine tailings

Fo88	molar mass		
(Mg1.76,Fe0.24)2SiO4	148.21 g/mol		
MgO1.76 + FeO0.24	88.16		
Mg(0.8)Fe0.2CO3	87.43 g/mol		
CO2	44 g/mol	<u>45 wt.% Fo88</u>	
MgO1.76 + FeO0.24+2CO2	176.16		79.272
Olivine + 2CO2	236.21 g/mol		106.2954
Ratio max carbonation	74.58%		74.58%
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glass			
(Mg1.50,Fe0.50)2SiO3	126.45 g/mol		
MgO1.50 + FeO0.50	82.4		
Mg(0.75)Fe0.25CO3	92.125 g/mol	<u>55 wt.% glass</u>	
CO2	44 g/mol		93.72
(Mg1.50,Fe0.50)2SiO3+CO2	170.4		117.9475
GLASS + CO2	214.45 g/mol		79.46%
Ratio max carbonation	79.46%		
<hr/>			
	Fo88+glass	<u>Average</u>	
	MT composit	172.992	
		224.2429	
	Ratio max ca	<u>77.14%</u>	s

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